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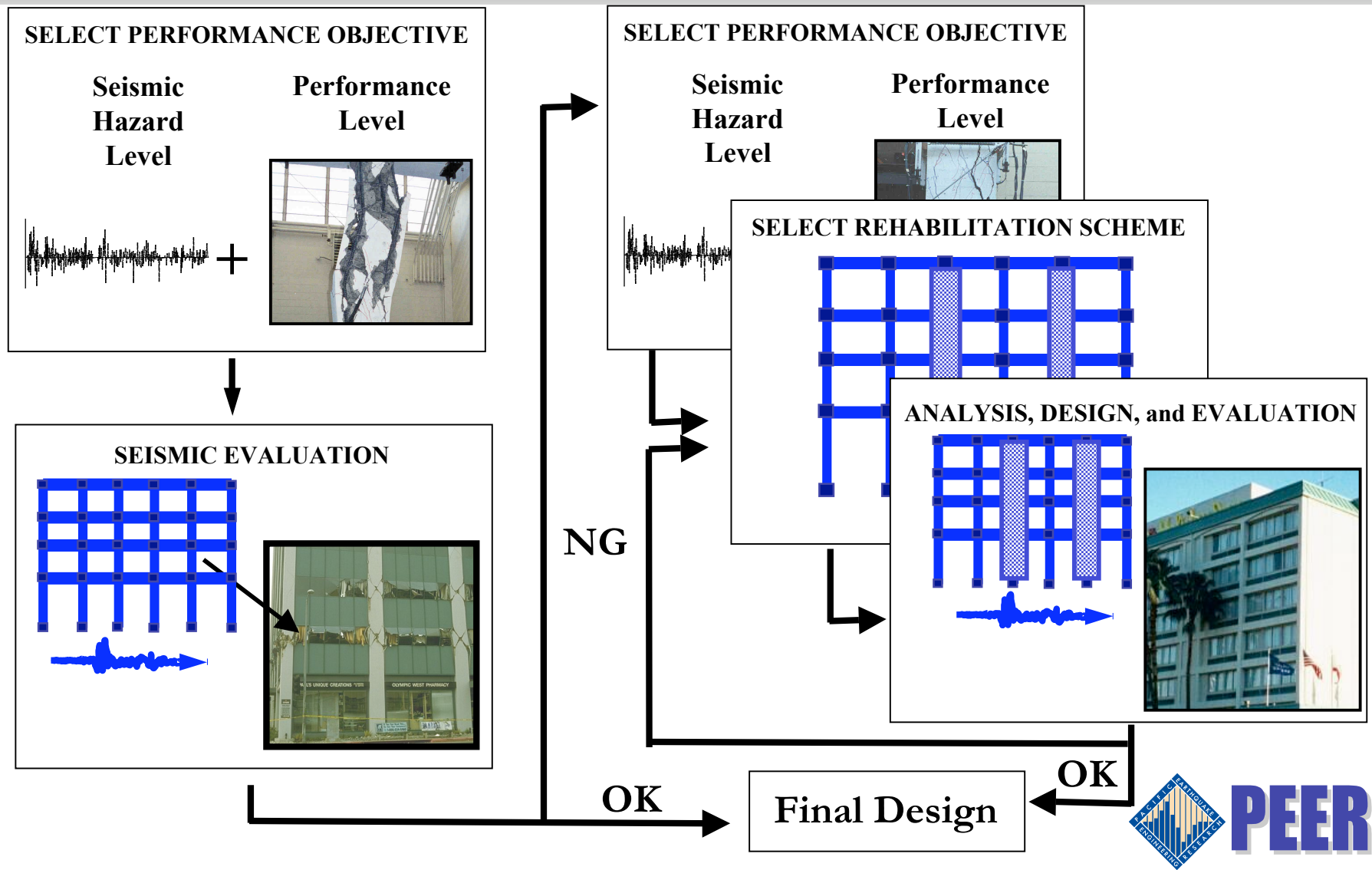
PBEE of Non-Ductile Reinforced Concrete Building Systems

Dawn Lehman

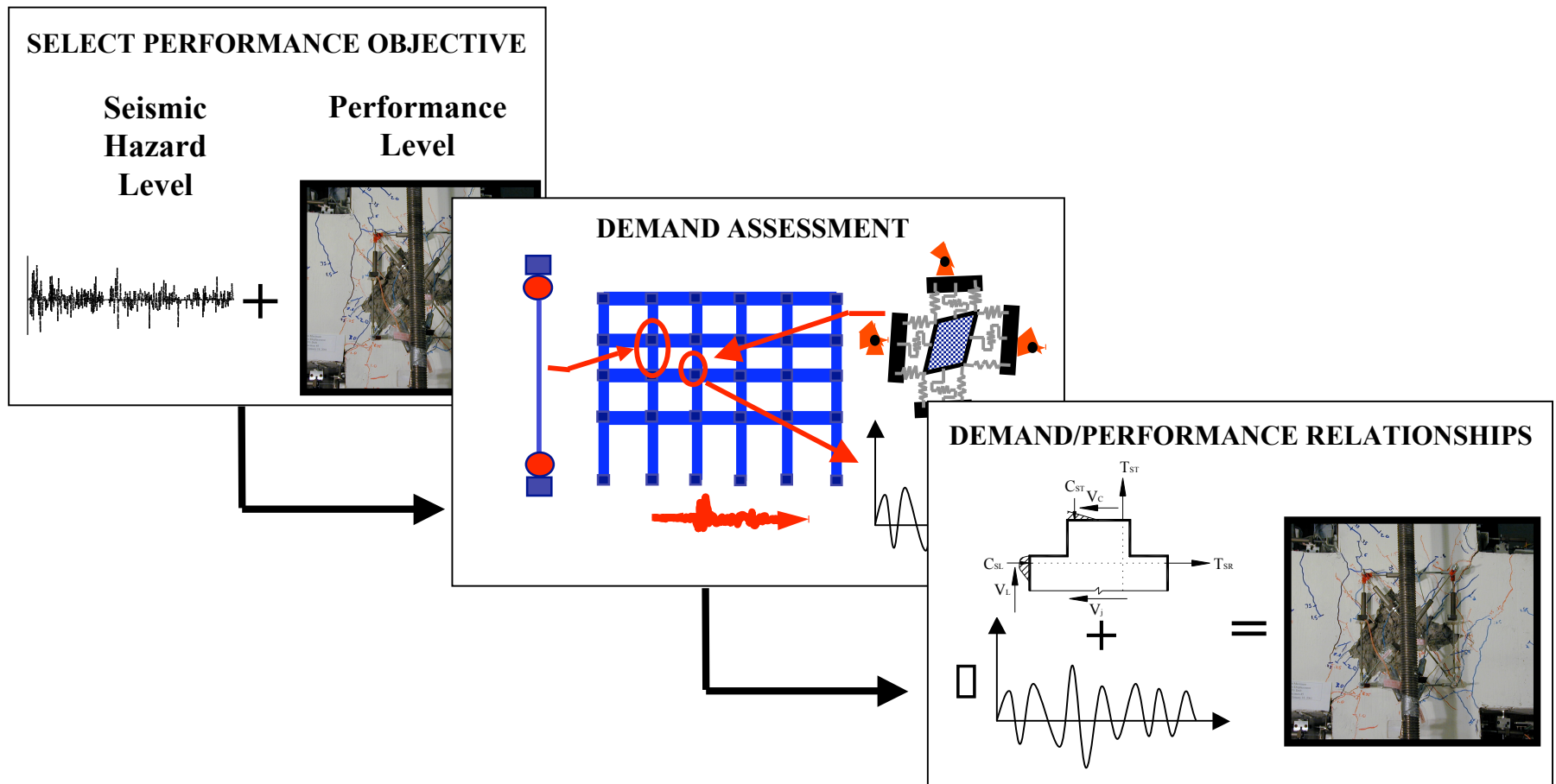
University of Washington



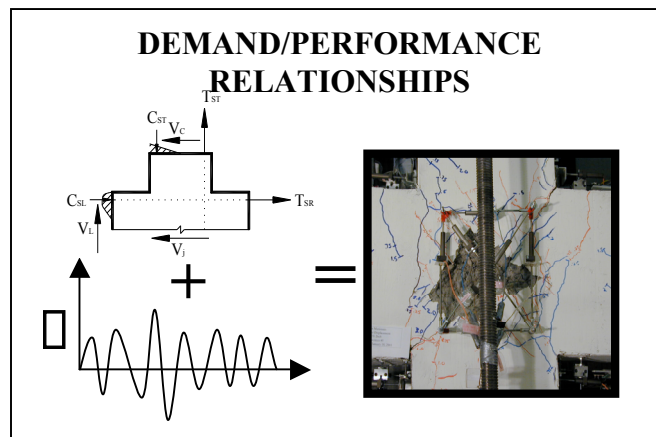
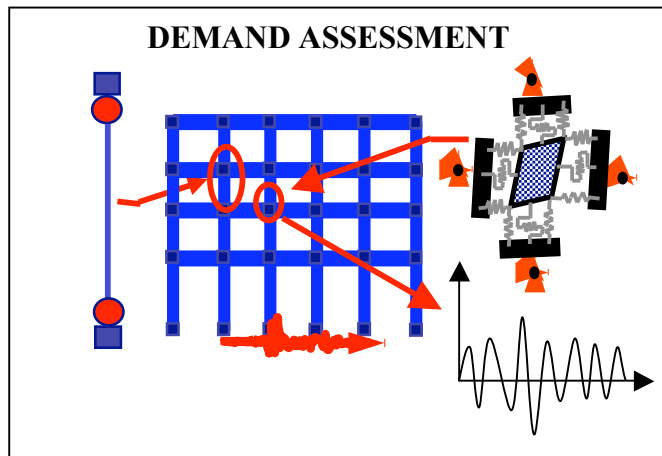
Seismic Rehabilitation Process



Seismic Evaluation Process



Tools for Seismic Evaluation



- Simulation Models
 - Component Models
 - System
- Performance Models
 - Component Performance (Damage/Repair)
 - System Performance
 - Demand-to-Damage (EDP to DM)

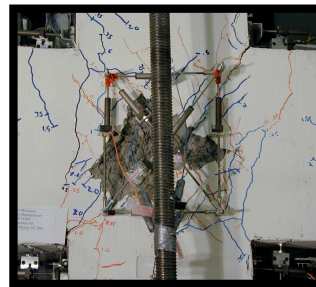
PEER Research on Non-Ductile Buildings

- What have we done
(Present state of knowledge)
- What are we doing
- What needs to be done
(Future research needs and areas)

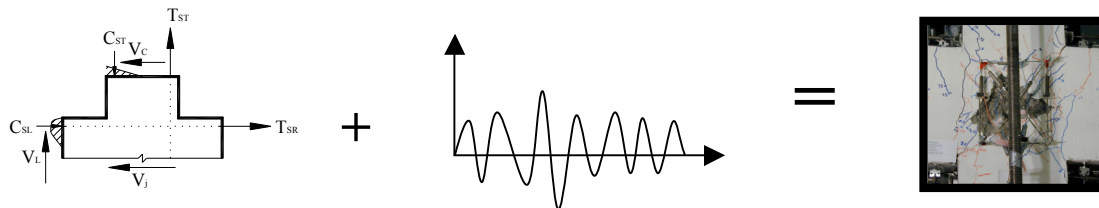
What Have We Done: Experimental Research

- Measure Component Response
 - “Typical” Geometries
 - Test Parameters: Shear and Axial Load, Displacement History

- Damage Assessment



- Demand-Performance Relationships



Experimental Research Program

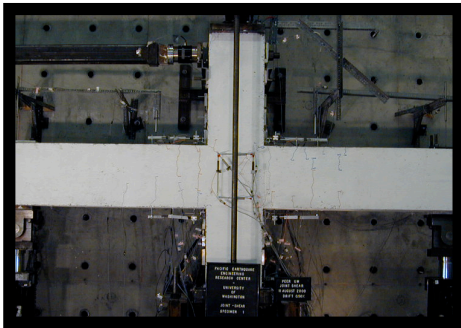


Shear-Critical Columns

Moehle, University of California, Berkeley

Columns with Splices

Wallace, UCLA

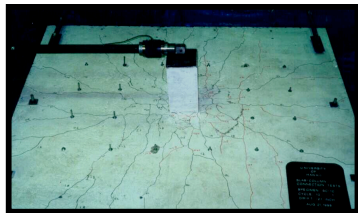


Interior Beam-Column Joints

Lehman and Stanton, UW

Exterior Beam-Column Joints

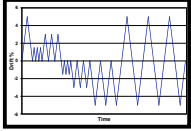




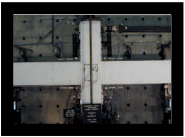
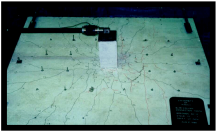
Pantelides, University of Utah



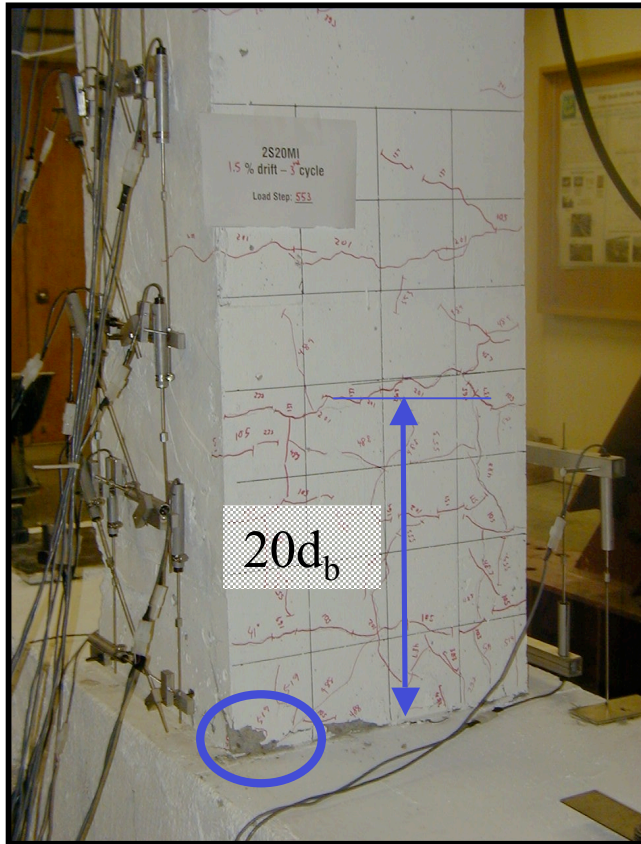
Slab-Column Connections

Robertson, University of Hawaii

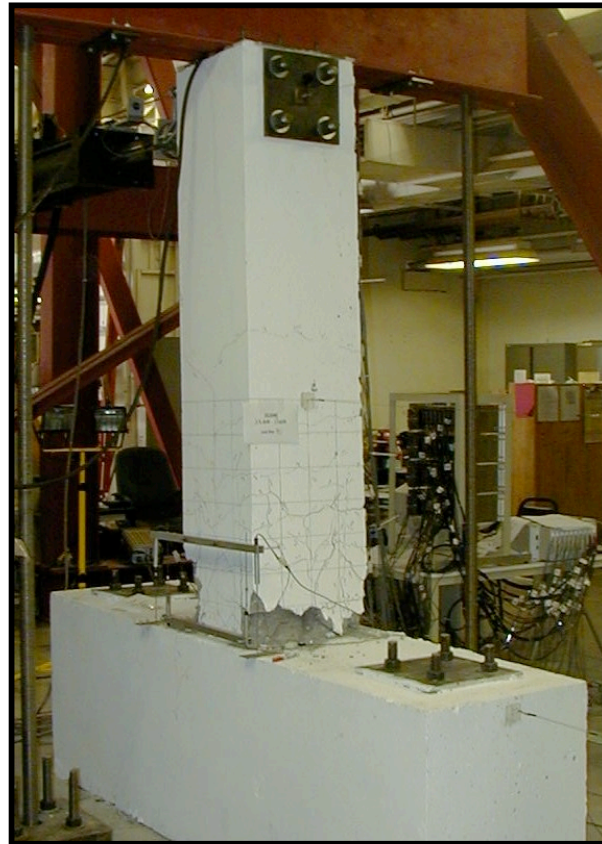
Study Parameters

	Test	v	$P/(A_g f'_c)$		f'_c	
Columns		✓	✓	✓		
		✓	✓	✓		✓
B/C Joints		✓	✓			
		✓		✓	✓	
Slab Col.		✓				✓

Damage Assessment



Initial Spalling



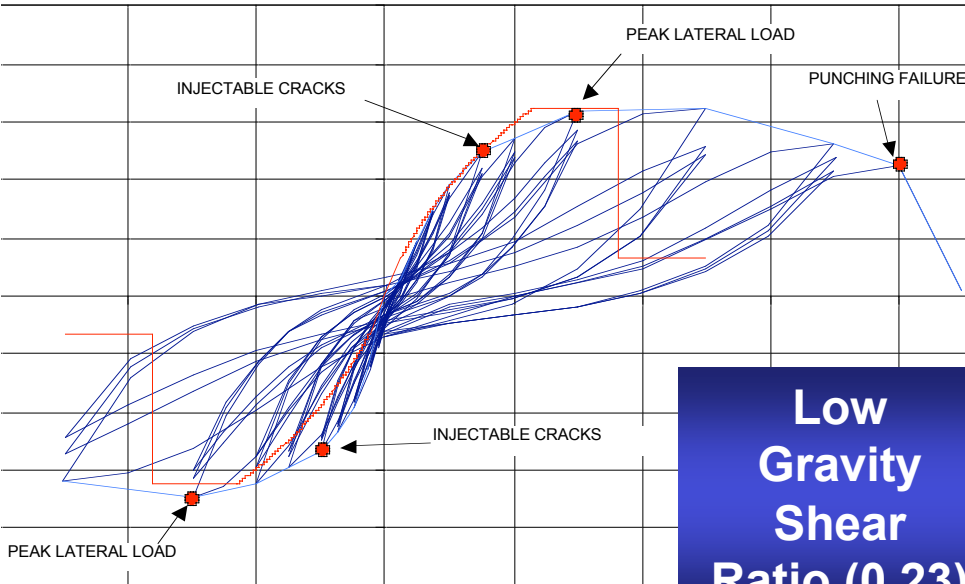
Severe Spalling



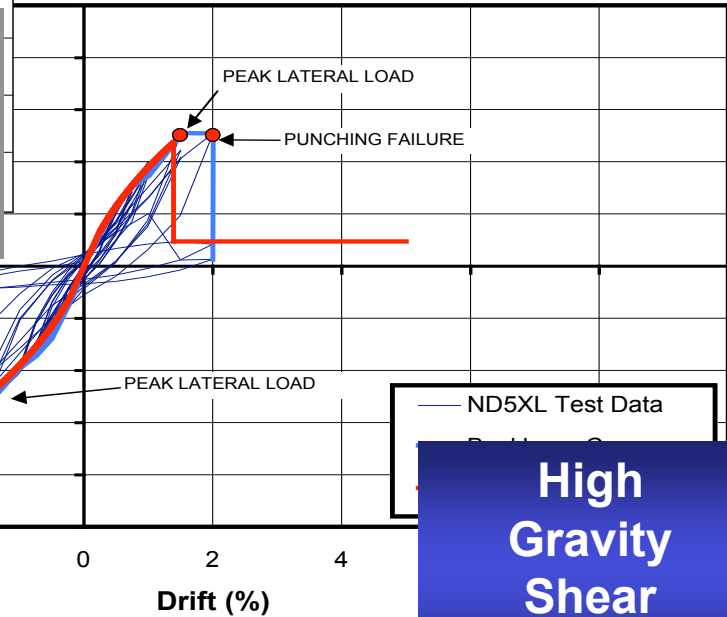
Loss of Axial Load

Melek and Wallace 2002

Influence of Salient Parameters: Gravity Shear Ratio

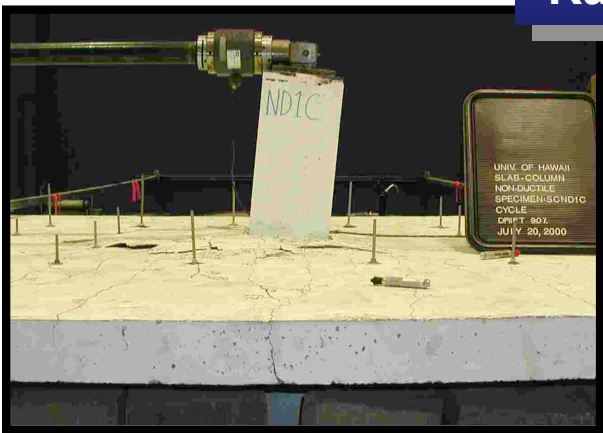


Low Gravity Shear Ratio (0.23)



— ND5XL Test Data

High Gravity Shear Ratio (0.47)

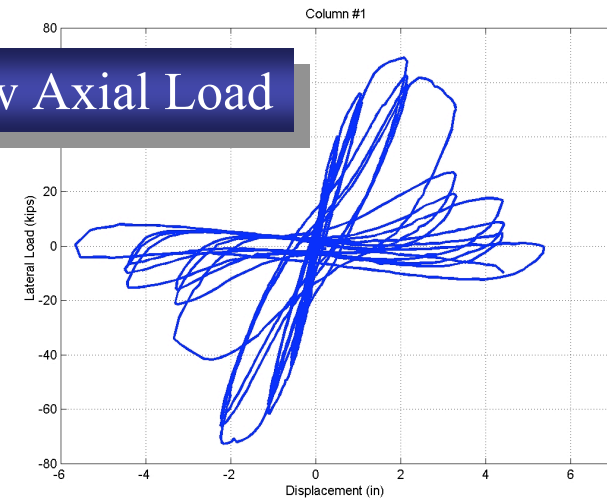


Robertson et al. 2001

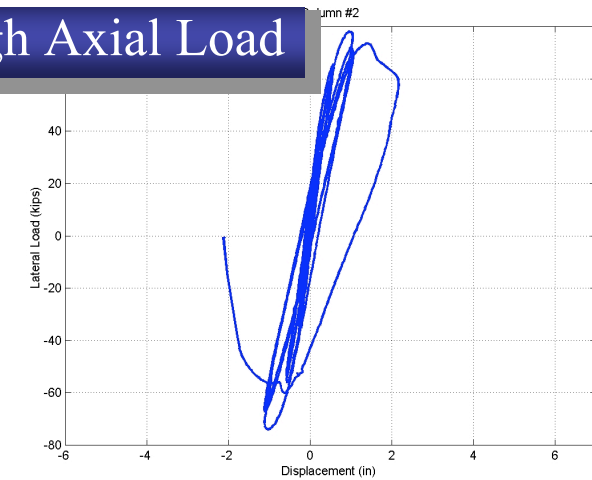
Influence of Salient Parameters: Axial Load Ratio



Low Axial Load



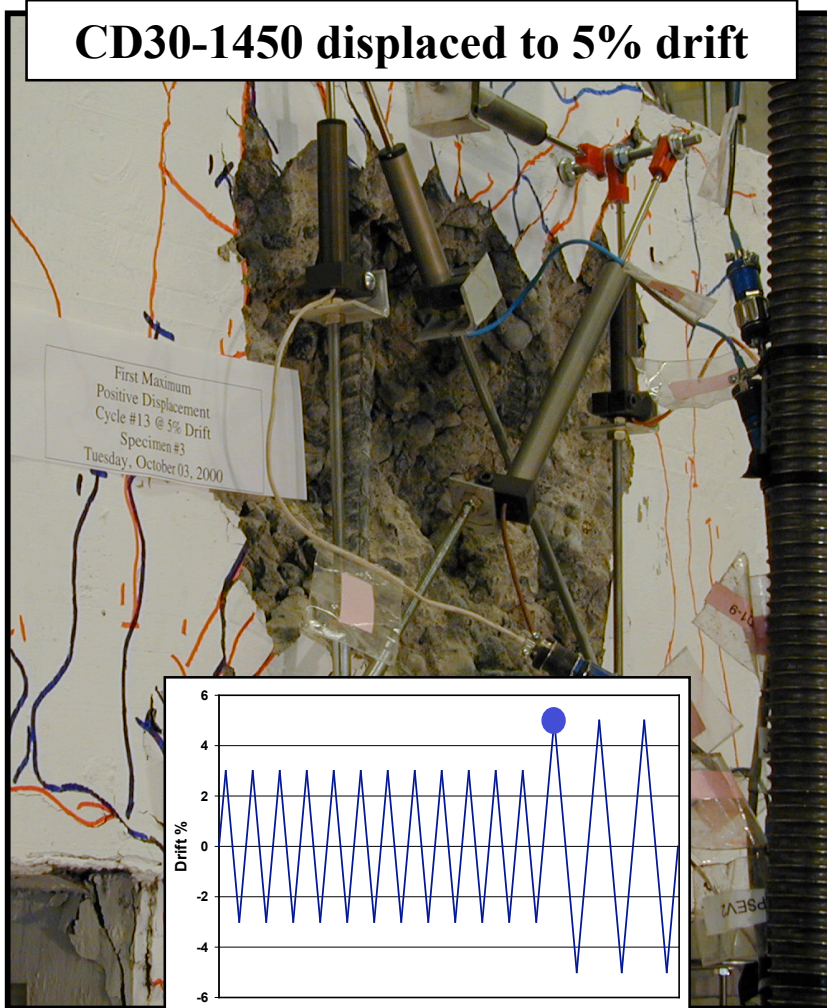
High Axial Load



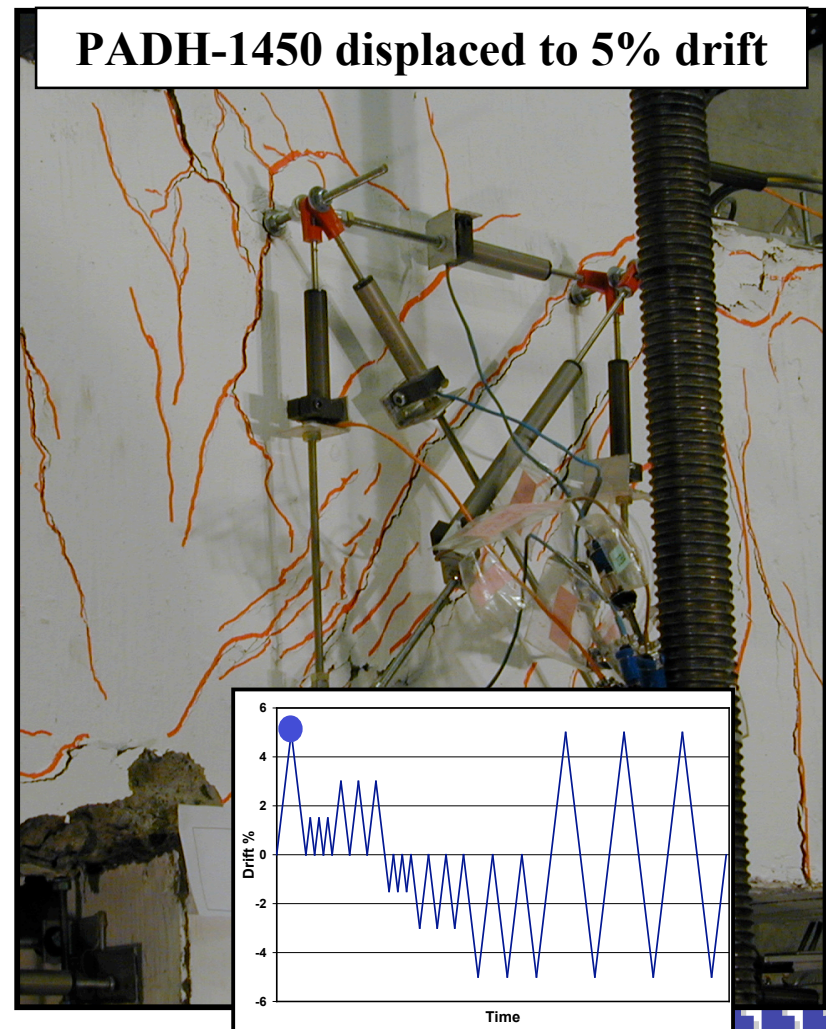
Moehle et al. 2001

Influence of Salient Parameters: Effect of Displacement History

CD30-1450 displaced to 5% drift

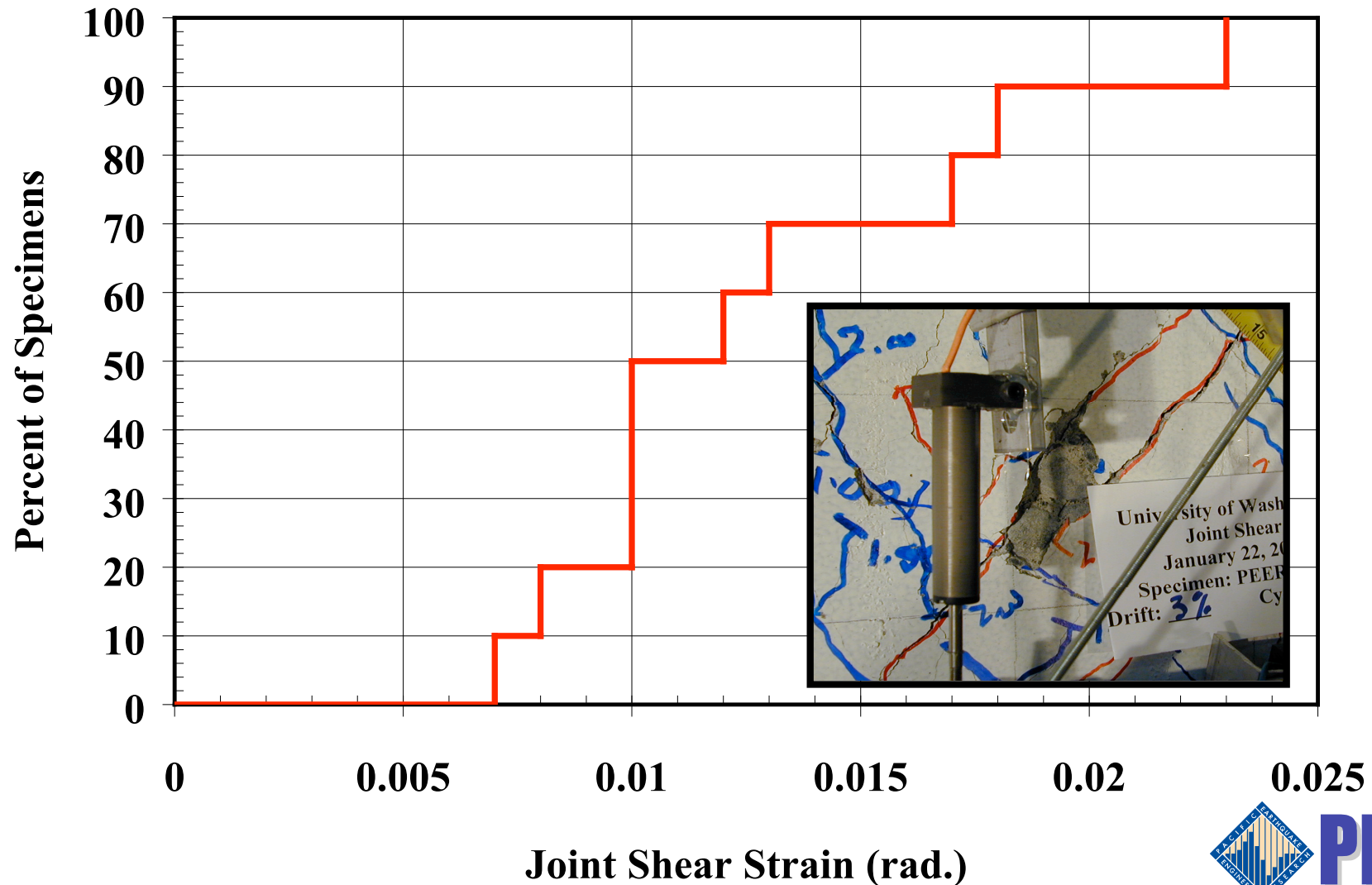


PADH-1450 displaced to 5% drift



Walker et al. 2001

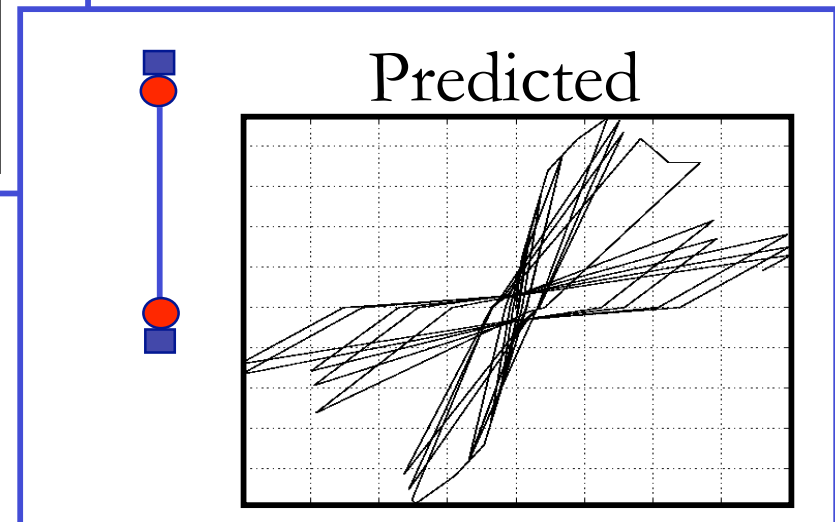
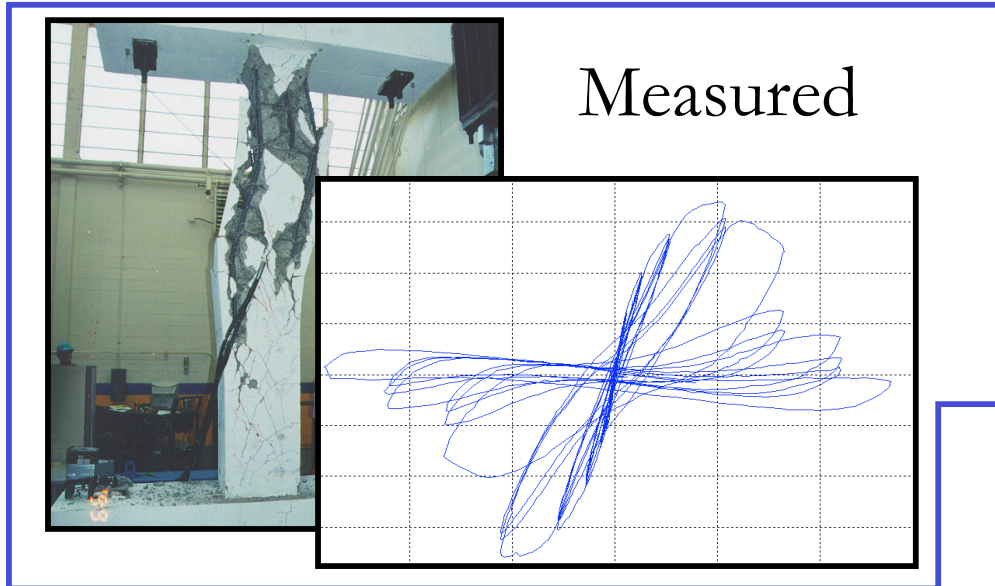
Demand-Performance Relationships



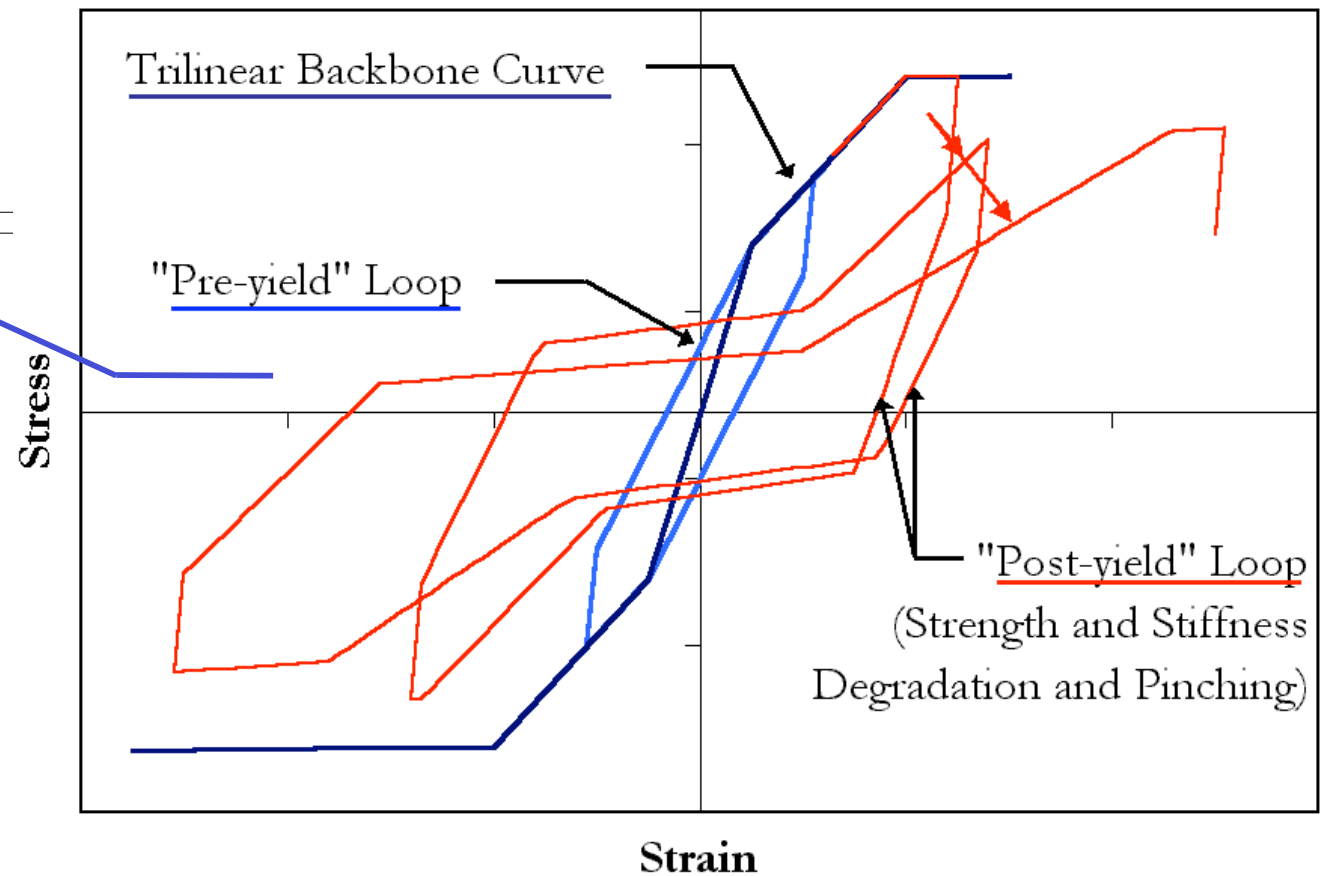
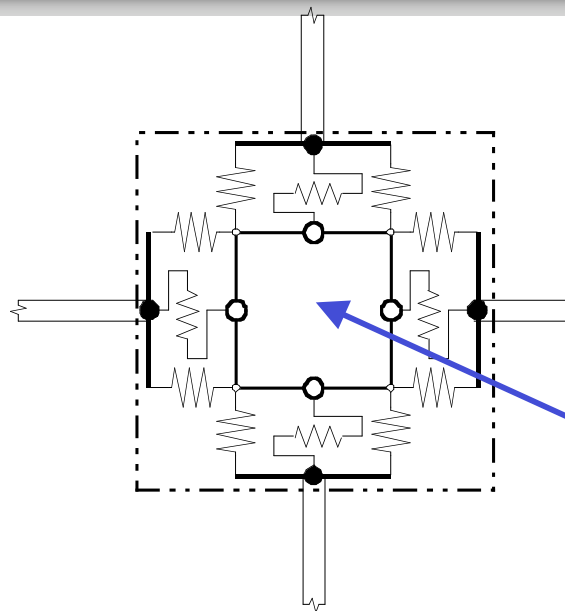
What Are We Doing: Seismic Evaluation of Building Test Bed

- Development and Validation of Simulation Models for Components
 - Beam-Columns, Joints, Slab-Column Connections
 - Lumped-Plasticity Models
 - Macro-Element Models
- Demand-Performance Relationships
 - Performance Related to Repair Costs
 - Fragility Curves
- Performance Evaluation
 - 2-D Model (3-D under development)
 - Multiple Performance Levels

Simulation Models: Lumped Plasticity



Simulation Models: Macro-Element



Simulation Models for Building Components

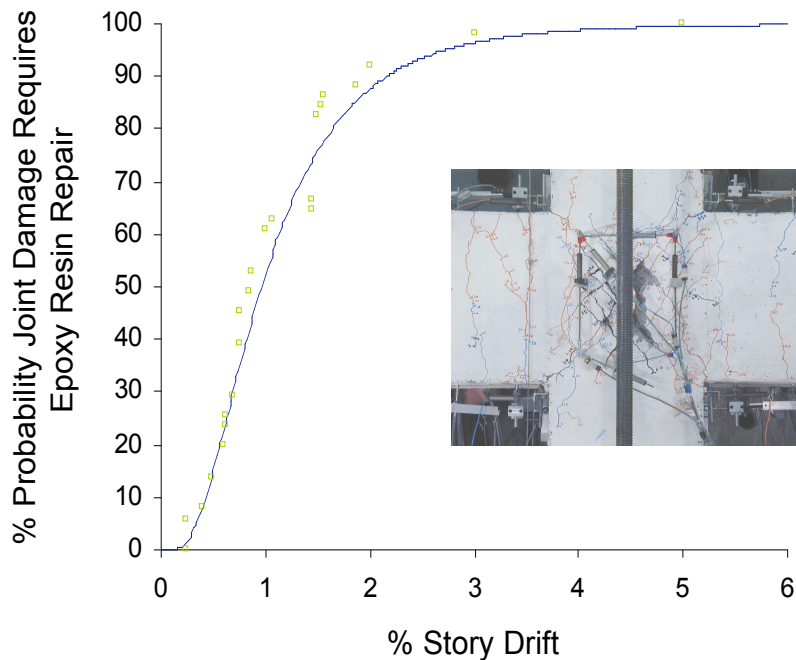
OpenSEES

- Beam-Column Elements
 - Lumped Plasticity
 - Shear-Critical (under development)
 - Splice (under development)
- Beam-Column Joint Elements
 - Rotational Spring
 - Macro-Element (under development)
- Slab-Column Elements (under development)

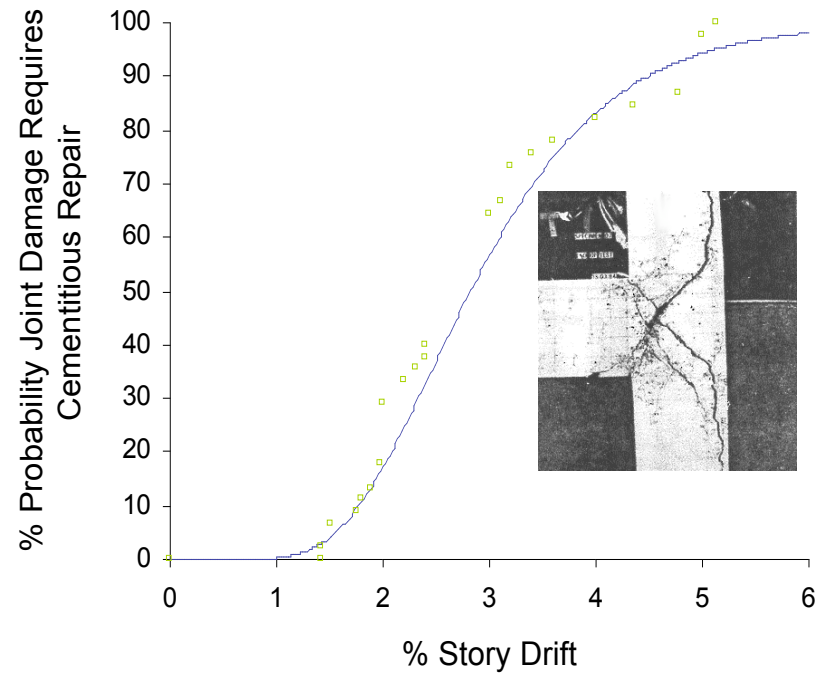
Demand-Performance Relationships

(from Pagni and Lowes 2003)

Damage Level 1:
Epoxy Injection



Damage Level 2:
Cementitious Material



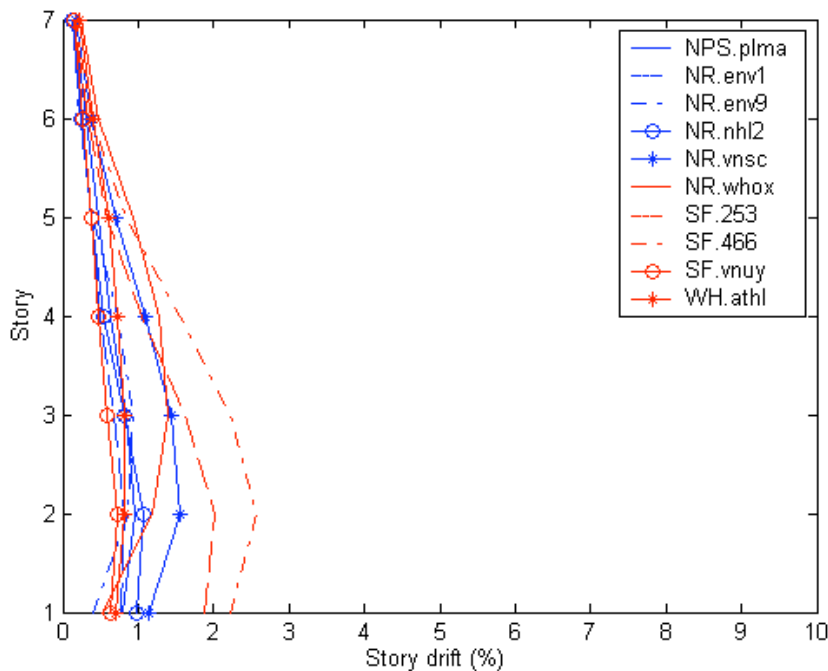
Performance Evaluation of Test Bed

(Lowes et al. 2003)

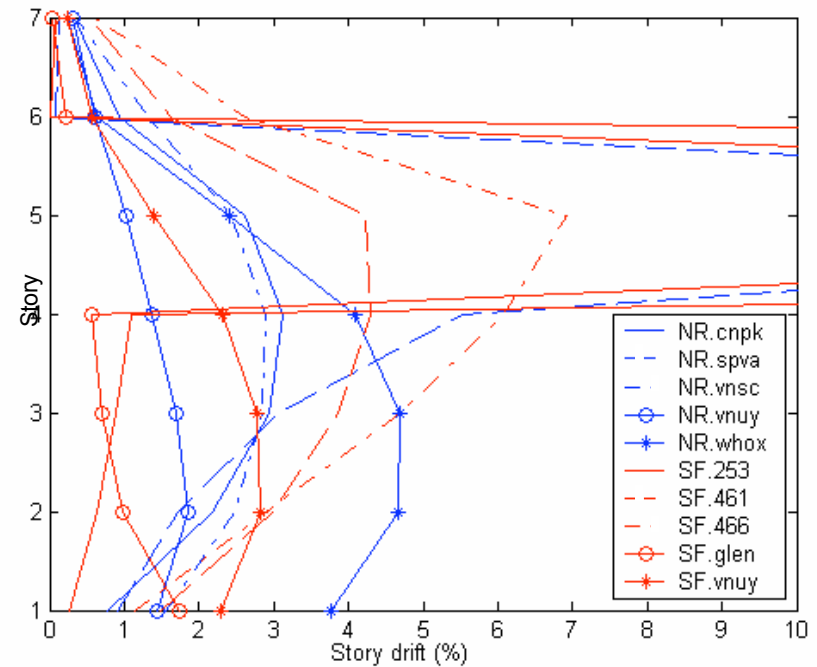
- 2-D Model with one exterior and one interior frame
- Foundations are assumed rigid
- Columns, beams, slabs modeled using
 - Lumped-plasticity beam-column elements
 - Fiber-sections to computer M-curvature relationships
 - Column splice failure is modeled using reduced steel yield strength and reduced strain capacity
 - Column shear failure is modeled using a brittle-type shear spring that is not hysteretic

Performance Evaluation

(Lowes et al. 2003)



Seismic Hazard Level:
50% Chance of Exceedence in
50 Years



Seismic Hazard Level:
10% Chance of Exceedence in
50 Years

Future Research Needs

What Would Help You in Practicing PBEE?

(Those who **HAVE** practiced PBEE vs. Those who **HAVE NOT**)

Have	Have not		
		3.6	24.10 Continuing educa

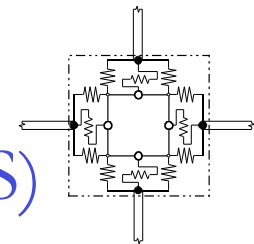
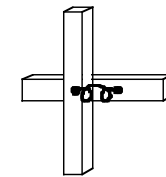
Survey of SEAW Engineers on Use and Adoption of PBEE

Meszaros, Fransisco, and Lehman 2003



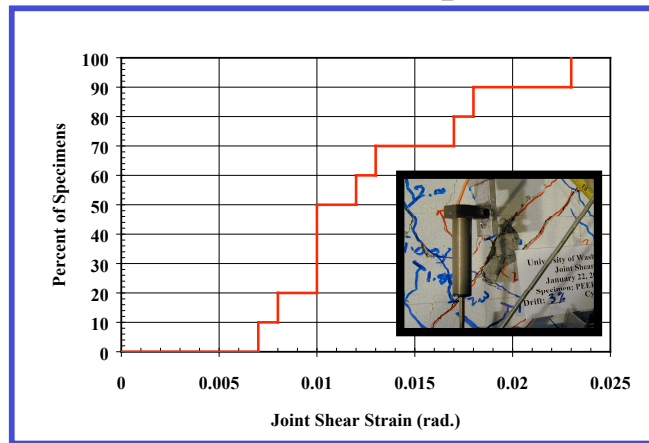
Simulation Models for Demand Evaluation

- Model of System
 - 2-Dimensional Models
 - 3-Dimensional Models
 - Verification Test(s)
- Component Models
 - Short-Term:
Simplified tools in existing software
 - Long-Term:
Advanced model formulation (OpenSEES)
 - Component Interaction

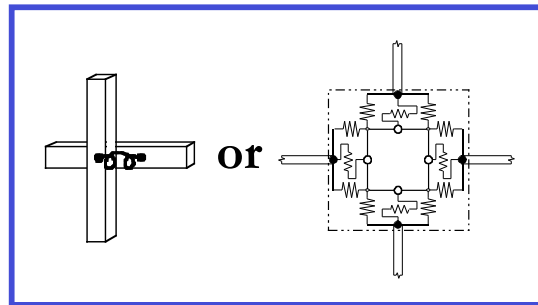


Performance Evaluation

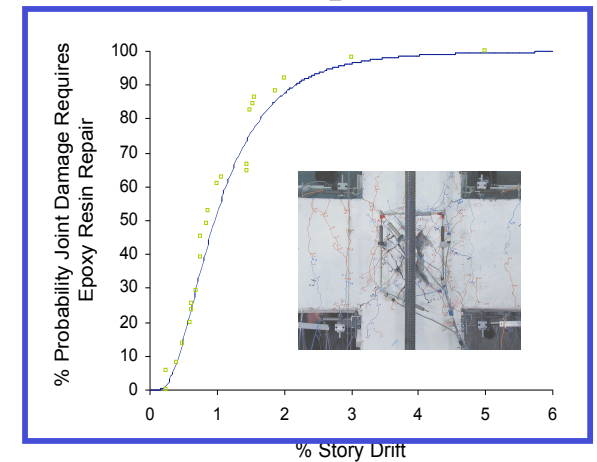
EDP_{experiment}



EDP_{model}



DM_{component}



DM_{component}



DM_{system}



Component Evaluation

- Study Parameters

- * Shear Demand

- * Axial Load Demand

- * Geometry (e.g., eccentric beams)

- * Reinforcement Details (bond, anchorage)

- * Displacement History (model validation, response)

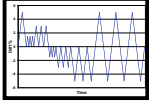





- * Material (e.g., concrete strength)

- Other Considerations






- * Component Interaction

- * System Verification



Evaluation of Component Response

Component	v	P	f_c	\square		Geometry
Joints 	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Beams Columns 	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Structural Walls 	✓	✓		✓		
Diaphragms (including Connections) 	✓			✓		
Foundations 	✓					

Component Models

Component	Experimental	Simulation	Performance
Joints 	✓	✓	✓
Beams Columns 	✓	✓	✓
Structural Walls 	✓		
Diaphragms (including Connections) 	✓		
Foundations 	✓		

Models for Repair and Retrofit

	Experimental	Simulation	Performance
RETROFIT 	✓	✓	
REPAIR 	✓		