### FUTURE DIRECTIONS FOR SEISMIC RISK MANAGEMENT FOR TRANSPORTATION NETWORKS

by

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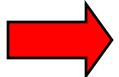
for presentation at

PEER Workshop on Seismic Risk Assessment and Management of Transportation Networks

Berkeley CA

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#### **SCOPE**

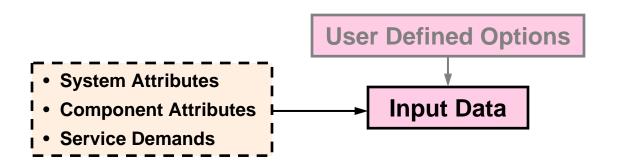


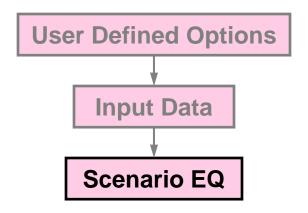
**System Performance Evaluation Framework** 

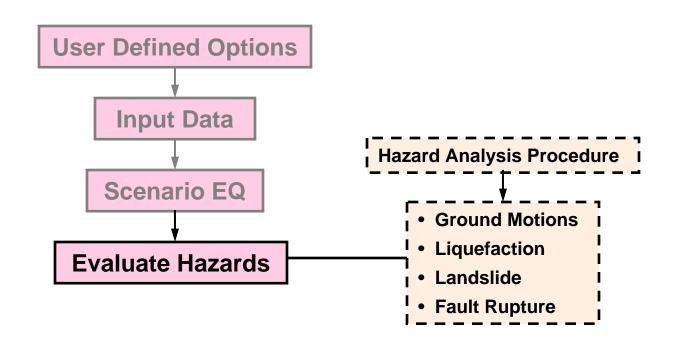
- Spatially Distributed Systems
- Uncertainties

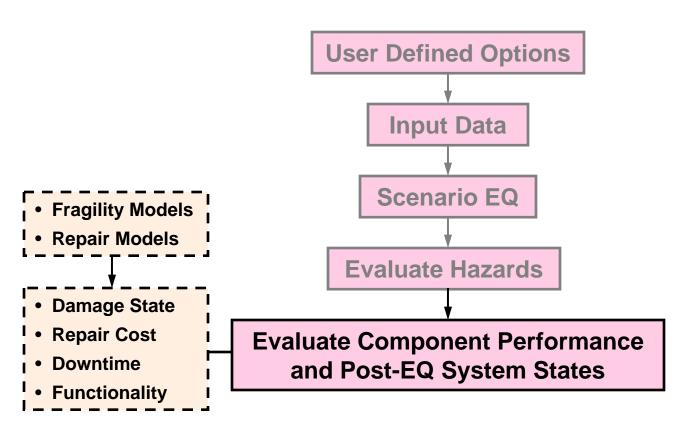
**User Defined Options** 

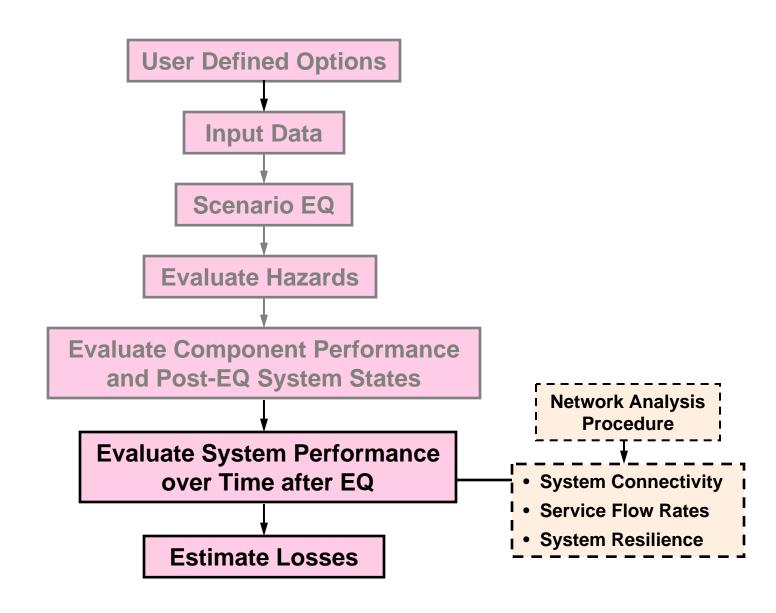
- Type of Evaluation
- Risk-Reduction Options
- Performance Requirements
- Stakeholder Impacts











#### HIGHWAY SYSTEM SRA LOSS METRICS

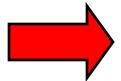
- Traffic Flow Decreases
- Travel Time Delays
- Trip Demands
- Resiliency

- System Wide
- To/From Selected Locations
- Along Selected Routes

- Direct Economic Losses
  - Repair Costs
  - Due to Travel Time Delays and Trips Foregone
- Indirect Economic Losses
  - Regional / National

#### SCOPE

• System Performance Evaluation Framework



**Spatially Distributed Systems** 

Uncertainties

#### SPATIALLY DISTRIBUTED HIGHWAY SYSTEM: Some Differences Relative to Single Site System

	Spatially Distributed Highway System	Single Site Systems
Seismic Hazards	<ul> <li>For Given Scenario EQ</li> <li>Compute Consistent Spatially         Dispersed Hazards throughout System     </li> <li>Many Different Site Conditions</li> </ul>	Starting Point:  • Seismic Hazard Analysis  • Compute One Set of Site-Specific Seismic Hazards  • One Set of Site Conditions
Component Response	<ul> <li>Large Number/ Many Types of Components</li> <li>Compute Consistent Spatially Dispersed Component Damage States</li> <li>Possible Multiple Spatially Dispersed Post-EQ Repair Activities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Smaller Number of Facilities</li> <li>Compute One Set of Localized         Damage States for a Few Facilities     </li> <li>Localized Repair Activities</li> </ul>
System Response	<ul> <li>Spatially Dispersed:         <ul> <li>Roadway Redundancies</li> <li>Roadway Traffic Carrying Capacities</li> <li>Damage Locations</li> <li>Trip Demands</li> <li>User Entry/Exit Locations</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Limited and Localized     Link Redundancies     Link Service Capacities     Damage Locations     Service Demands     User Entry/Exit Locations

### SPATIALLY DISTRIBUTED HIGHWAY SYSTEM Input Data

- Because of Size and Spatial Extent of System
  - Significant Input Data Needed
- Highways and Bridges (FHWA Electronic Databases)
  - Highway Performance Monitoring System (HPMS)
  - National Highway Planning Network (NHPN)
  - National Bridge Inventory (NBI)
- Soil Conditions
  - NEHRP Classifications
  - Other Soils Data: From State DOT
- Trip Demands:
  - Trip Tables from Metropolitan Planning Organizations (MPOs)

#### SCOPE

- System Performance Evaluation Framework
- Spatially Distributed Systems



#### **UNCERTAINTIES IN SRA OF HIGHWAY SYSTEMS**

- Well Recognized Sources of Uncertainty
  - Earthquake Occurrences over Time
  - Seismic Hazard Estimation
  - Bridge Damage Estimation
- Other Important Uncertainties
  - Damage Repair Requirements
  - Traffic/Travel Impacts
  - Input Data Constraints

### UNCERTAINTIES IN SRA OF HIGHWAY SYSTEMS: Damage Repair Requirements

- Repair Requirements
  - Costs
  - Mobilization Time
  - Rate of Repair
  - Functionality of Component during Repairs
- Depends on
  - Prior Post-EQ Experience
  - Availability of Repair Resources
  - Extent of Damage within Highway System
  - Accessibility of Damage
  - Extent of Damage to Other Elements of Built Infrastructure

### UNCERTAINTIES IN SRA OF HIGHWAY SYSTEMS: Traffic/Travel Impacts

- Effects of Increased Traffic Congestion due to EQ Damage to System
  - Increase Travel Times
  - Reduce Trip Demands
- Assumptions in Analysis of Post-EQ Travel within Disrupted System
  - Traveler Route Choice
  - Relationship between Trip Demand and Travel Time
- Other Potential Impacts on Post-EQ Travel Not Considered
  - Damage to Other Elements of Built Infrastructure

### SPATIALLY DISTRIBUTED HIGHWAY SYSTEM: Some Input Data Constraints

- Possible Errors/Gaps in Highway Data from HPMS and NHPN
- Bridges
  - NBI Database Insufficient for Seismic Performance Evaluation
  - Some State DOTs have Supplementary Data
- Soil Conditions for Assessment of Liquefaction, Landslide Hazards
  - Data may be Time Consuming to Obtain

## UNCERTAINTIES IN SRA OF HIGHWAY SYSTEM: Component Damage Estimation

- Bridge Fragility Modeling
  - Large Numbers of Bridges
  - Insufficient Input Data on Bridge Attributes
  - Combined Effects of Ground Shaking and Permanent Ground Displacement
- Fragility Modeling for Other Components
  - Tunnels, Roadways, Approach Fills, Retaining Walls, Culverts
- Damage State Definitions
  - Need for Improved Basis for Estimating Repairs
  - HAZUS Damage States are Insufficient for this Purpose