



Advanced Precast Concrete Dual-Shell Steel Columns

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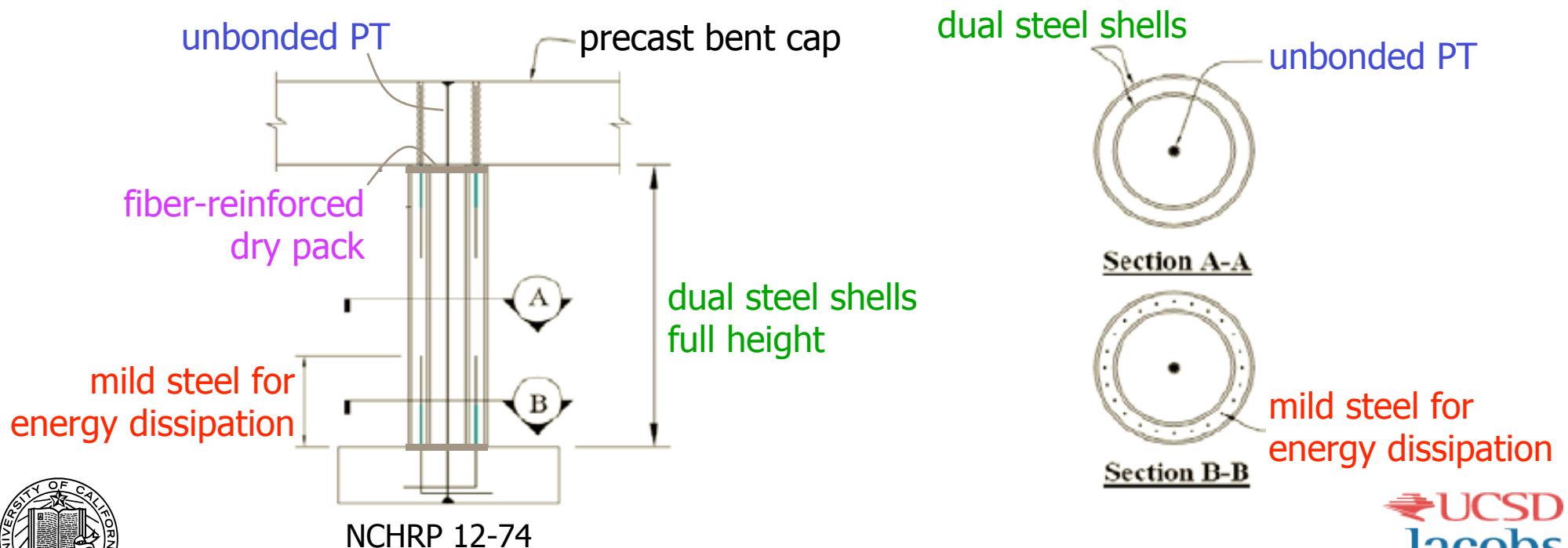


Project Description

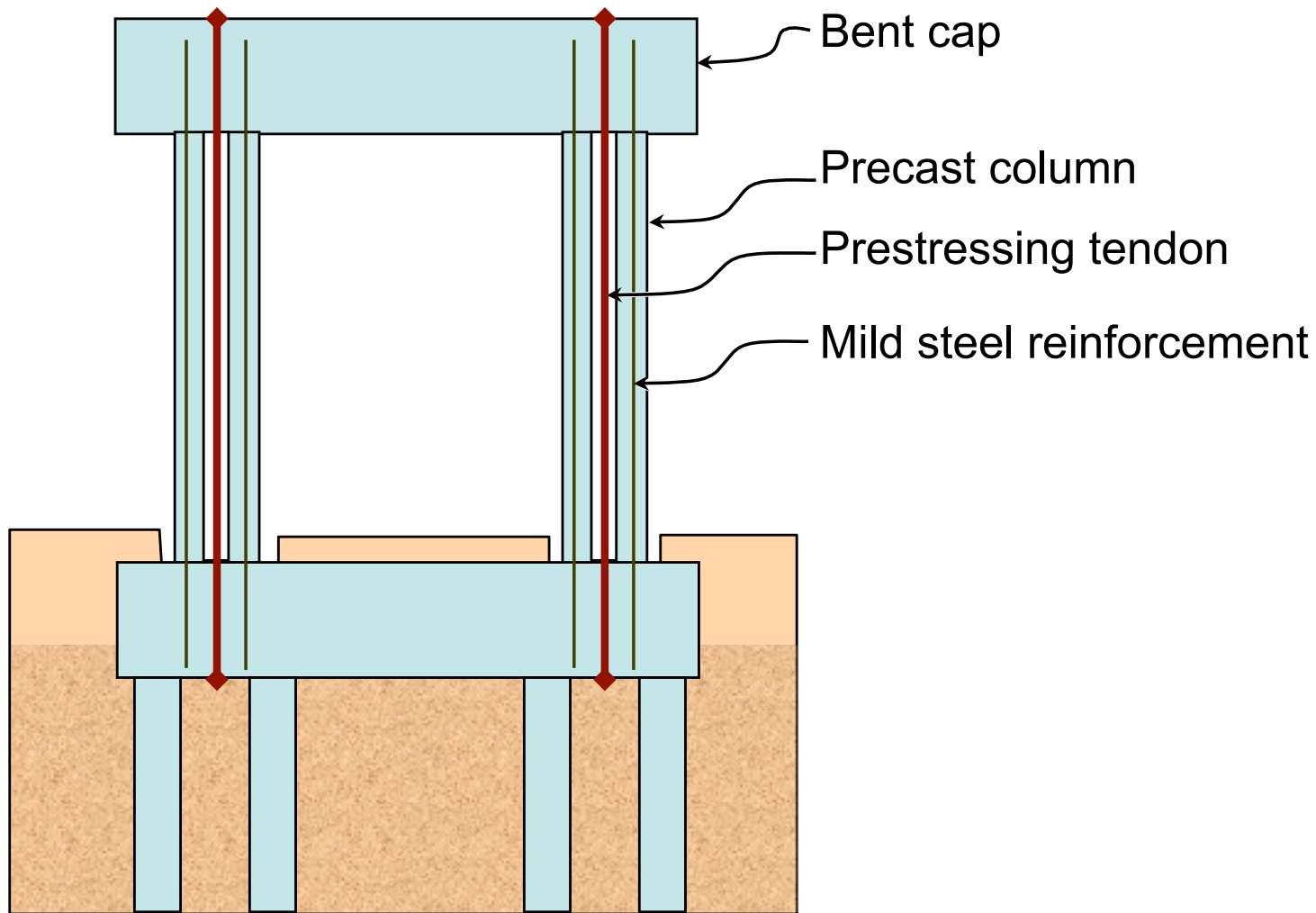
- Goals**
- Accelerated bridge construction (ABC - Caltrans)
 - Improved bridge seismic performance

Main features

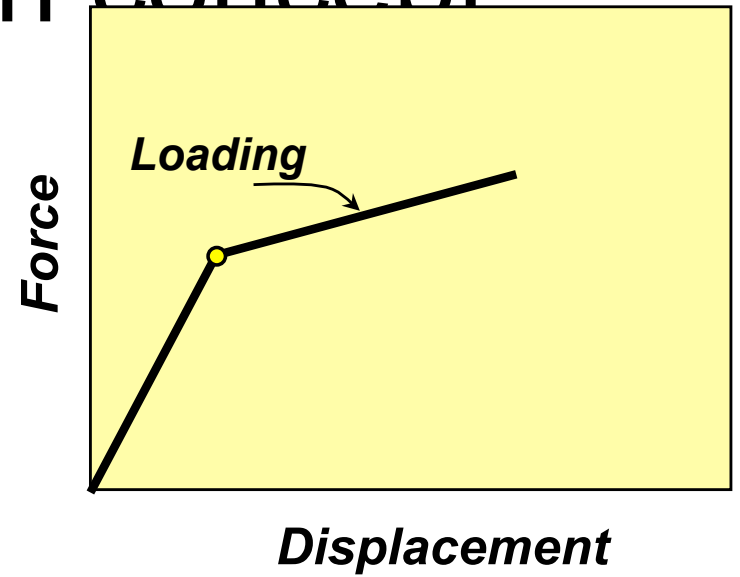
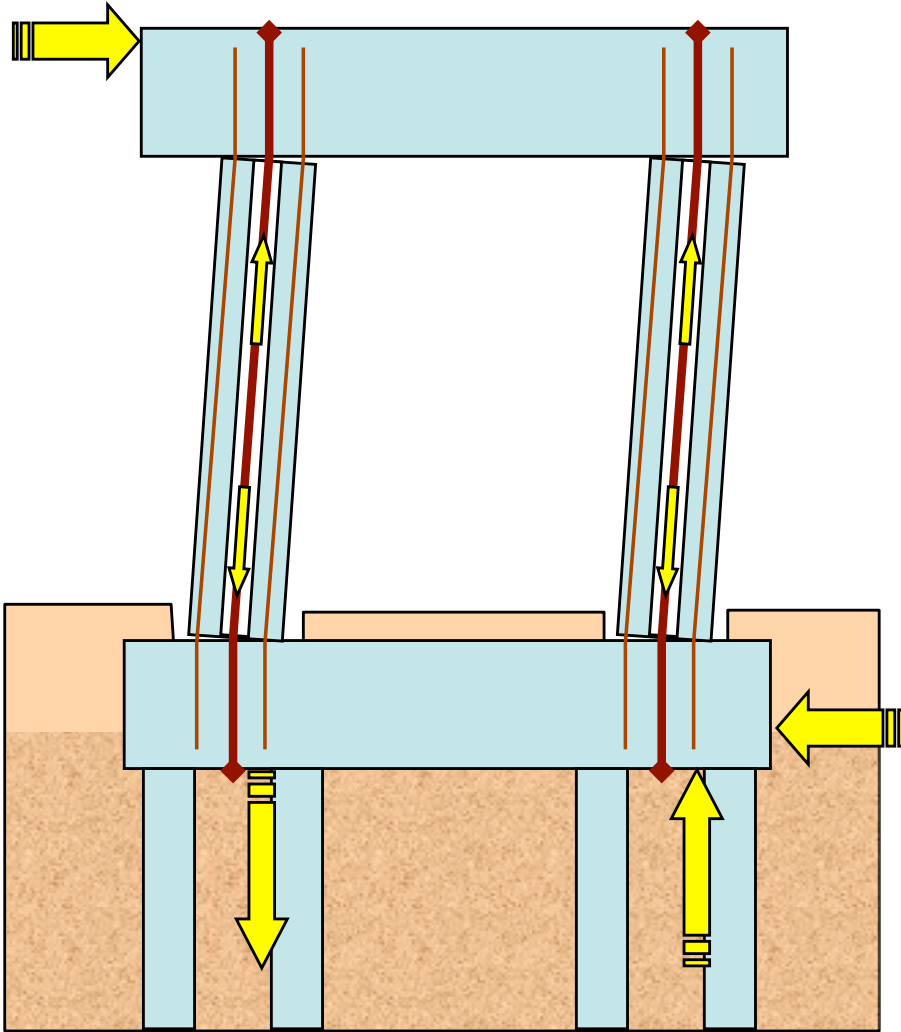
- Dual steel shells
- Posttensioning / recentering
- Energy dissipation
- Fiber-reinforced dry pack



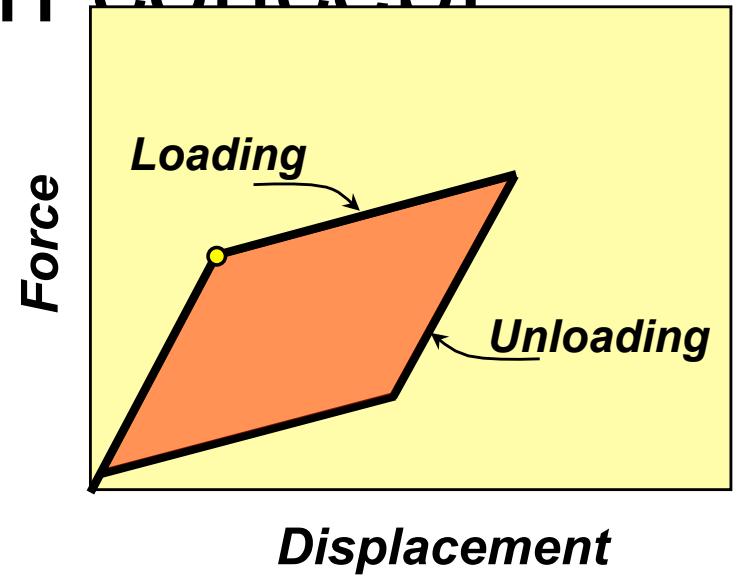
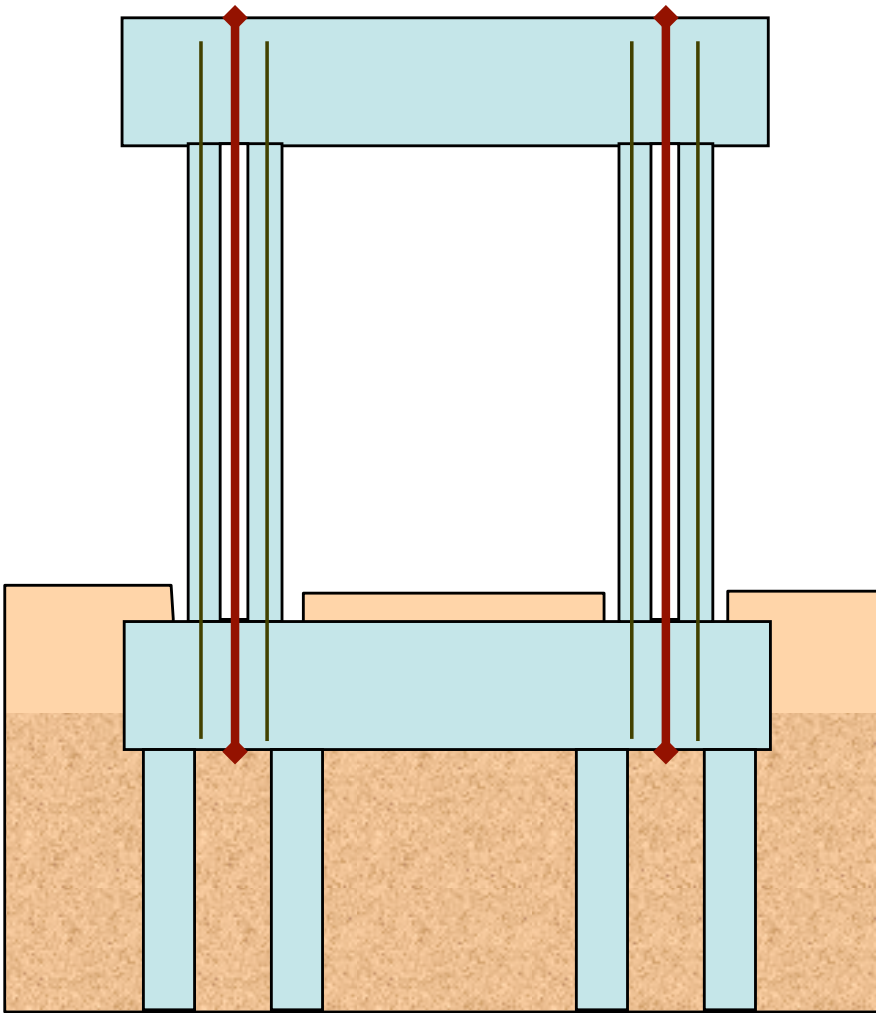
Hybrid connection concept



Hybrid connection concept



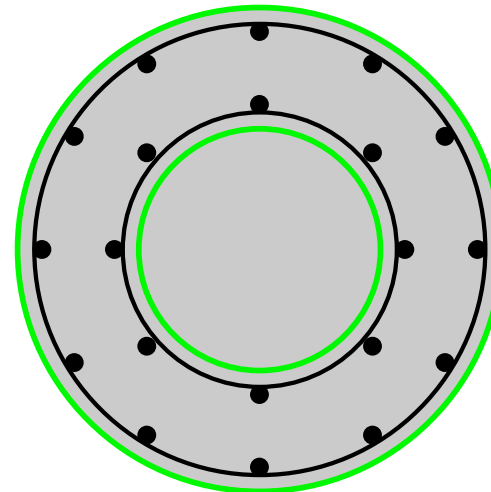
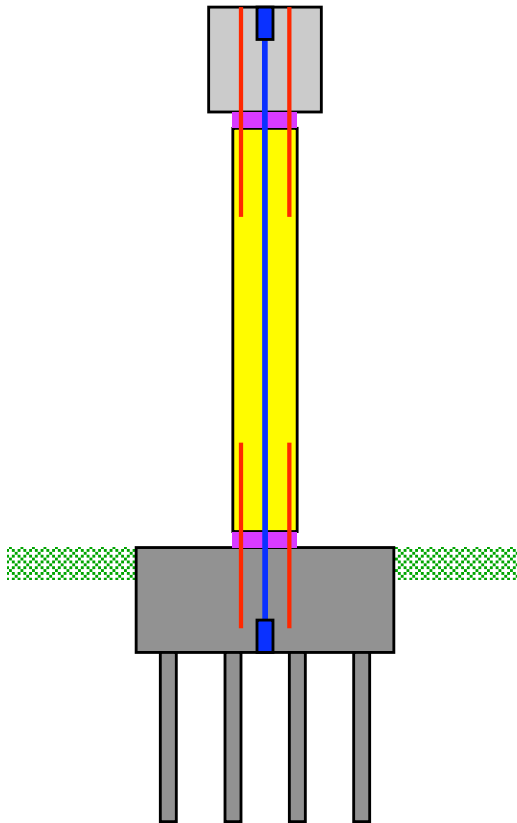
Hybrid connection concept



Dual-Shell Technology

Advantages

- Precast construction w/ permanent formwork
- Reduced column weight (hollow section)
- No reinforcing cage
- Reduced construction time

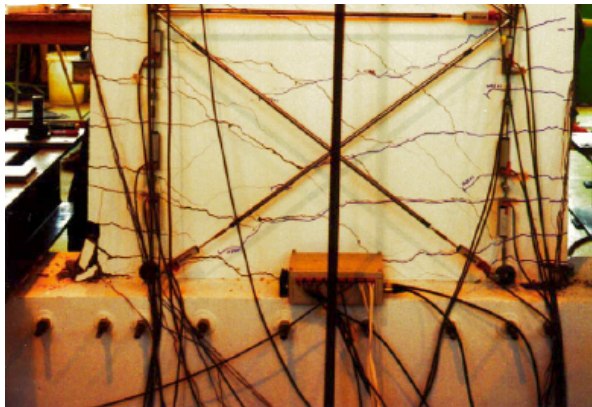


Self-Centering Behavior

Advantages

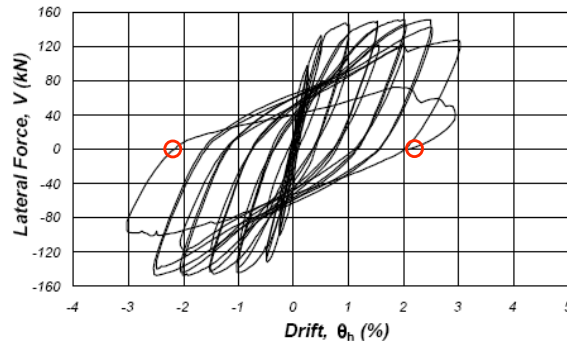
- Limited structural damage
- Small residual displacements
- Energy dissipation by specific devices
- Operability right after strong shakes

Monolithic system

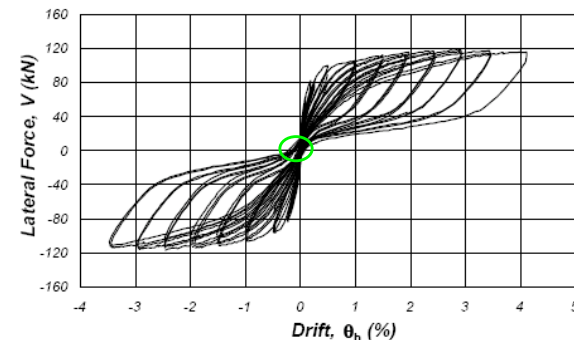
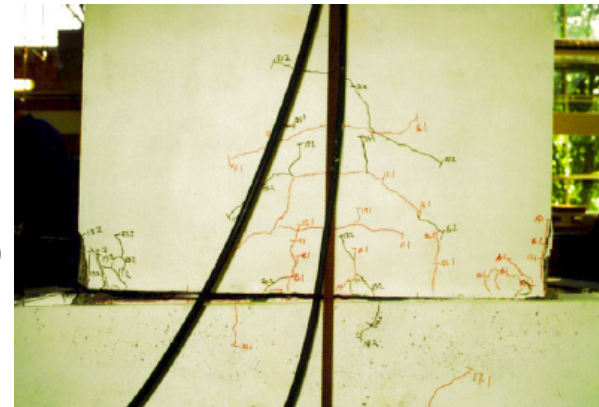


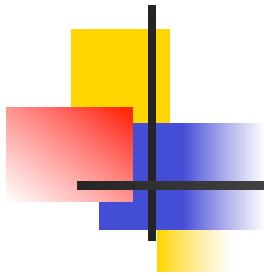
Shear-wall test results

(Restrepo, Mander, Holden)



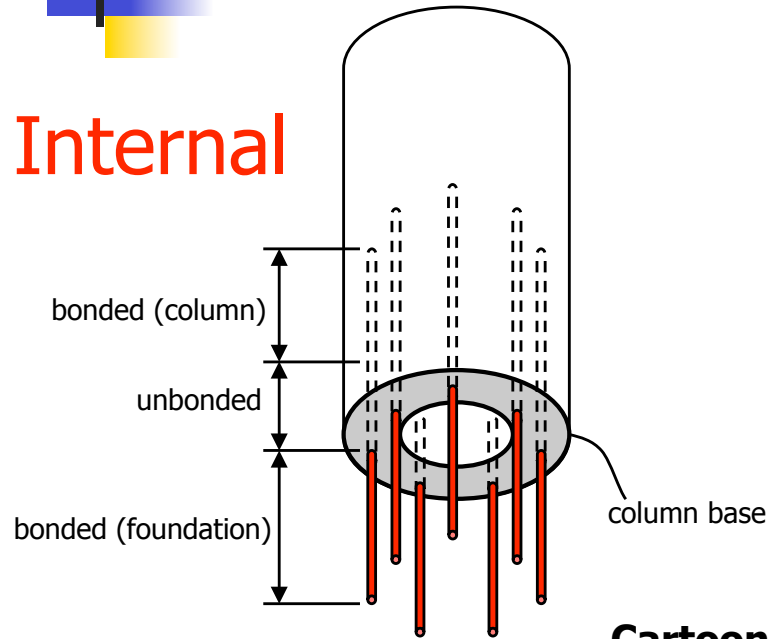
Self-centering system



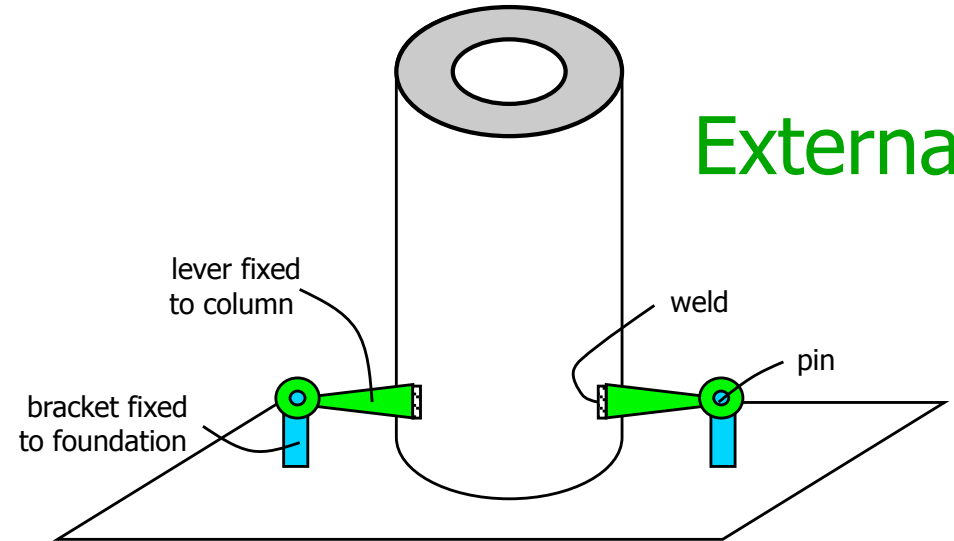


Energy Dissipation

Internal



External



Cartoon portraying concept

Aesthetically ok

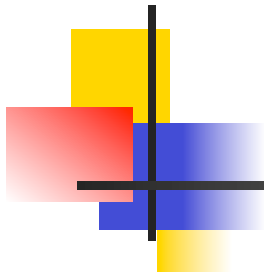
Advantages

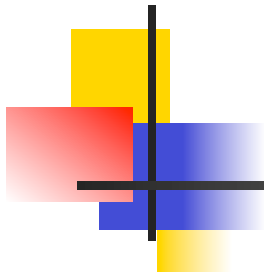
Easy to repair/replace

Hard to repair/replace

Drawbacks

Aesthetic mitigation needed





Project Tasks

1. Prototype bridge

0%

- 2-span ordinary skew bridge
- [Opportunity for Collaboration:](#) Bridge Testbed Group:
Tacioglu, Stojadinovic

2. Analytical modeling

60%

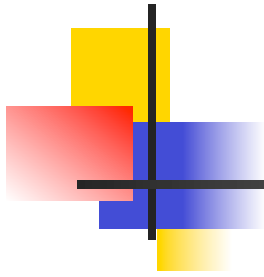
- TH analyses (OpenSees) with 7 scaled records
- Selection of bi-directional test protocol
- FE analyses of external energy dissipators
- [Opportunity for Collaboration:](#) J. Baker

80%

3. Experimental tests

- Design of two units: internal vs. external energy dissipators
- Hysteretic characterization of external energy dissipators
- Construction and test of the two units
- [Opportunity for Collaboration:](#) Oestertag

4. Final report



Progress Forecast

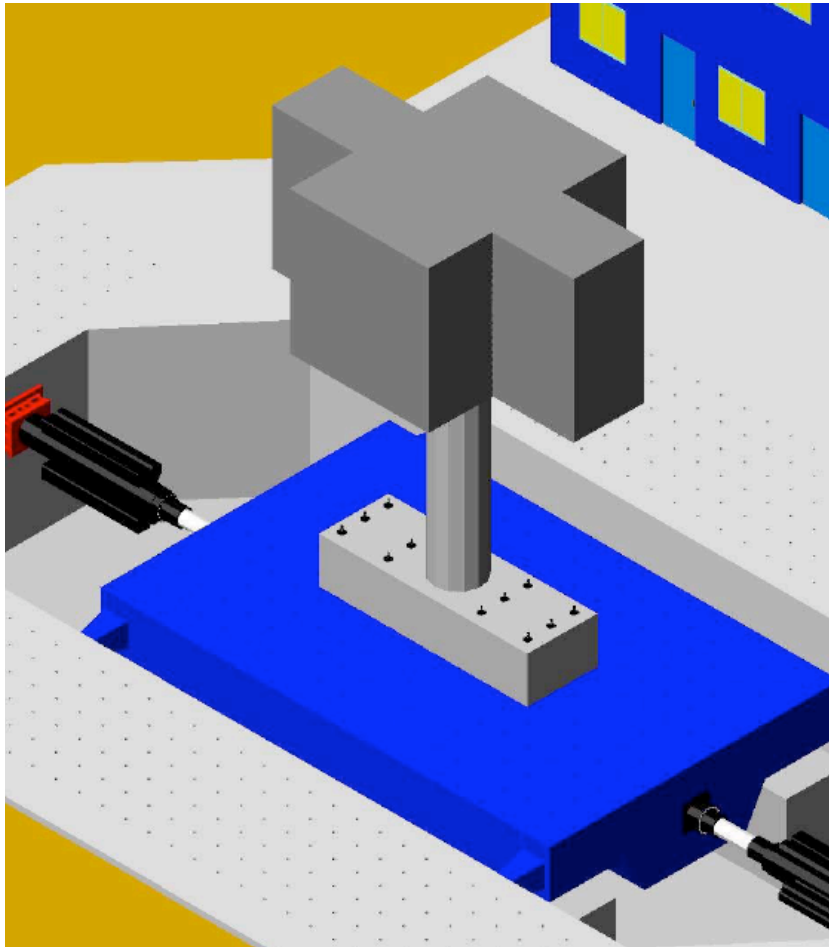


- Expect to complete FEA and design of dissipators by November 2010
- Test two column specimens in February 2011
- Complete Opensees model in April 2011
- Complete nonlinear analyses in June 2011
- Final report due September 2011

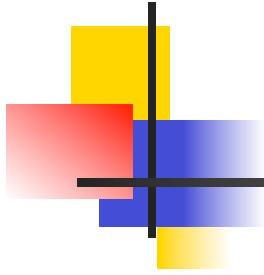
- No additional costs are anticipated



Large Column Test Update



- Shake table testing of a full scale column designed per Caltrans SDC
- 1.2 m diameter by 7.2 m tall column
- 250 Ton of Inertial mass
- Densely instrumented (280 sensors)
- Objective to compare with tests done at E-Defense in Japan where significant flow of the concrete core was observed upon yielding of transverse hoops
- Provides an opportunity for the community to calibrate models and improve understanding on model uncertainty
- Blind prediction is being launched
- Testing to take place during second week of September
- Report due June 30 2011



Large Column Test Update



- Main funding from PEER transportation and lifelines (Caltrans) and FHWA through several DOTs, and NEEScomm
- Industry partners: Skanska, CRSI





THANK YOU

