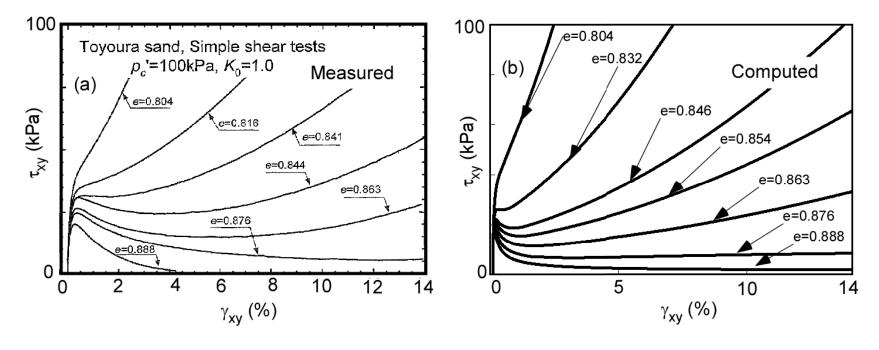
Paths forward for assessing the effects of liquefaction

Disaster Prevention Research Institute

Kyoto University

Susumu lai

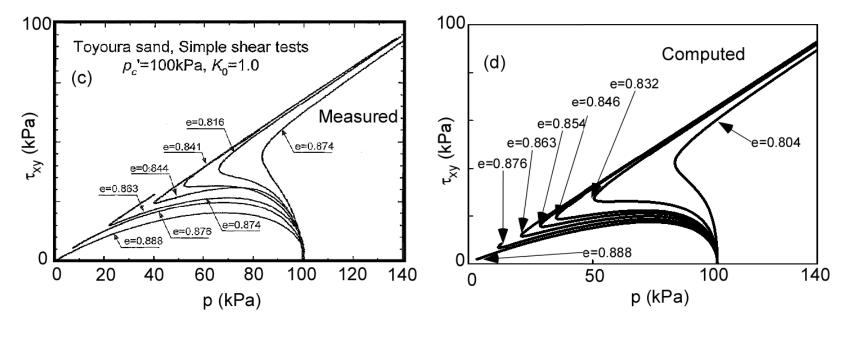
Undrained monotonic shear



Yoshimine et al (1998),

lai et al (2011)

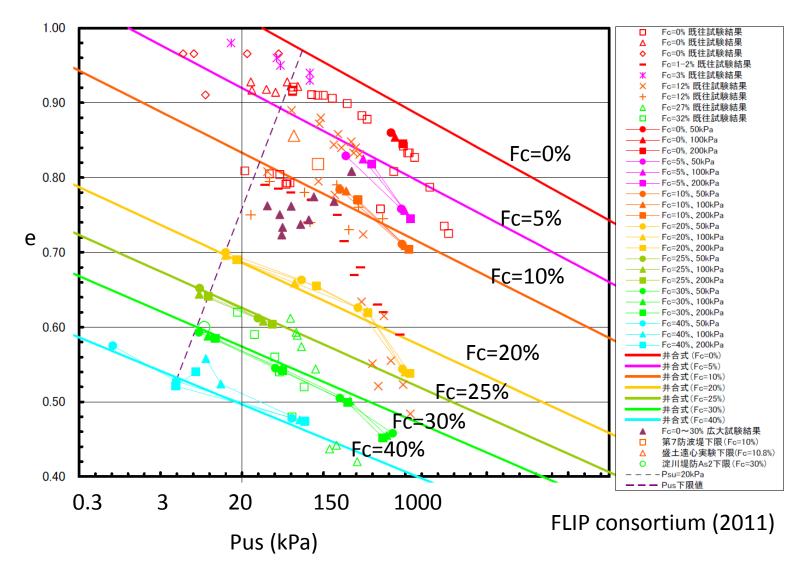
Stress path undrained monotonic shear



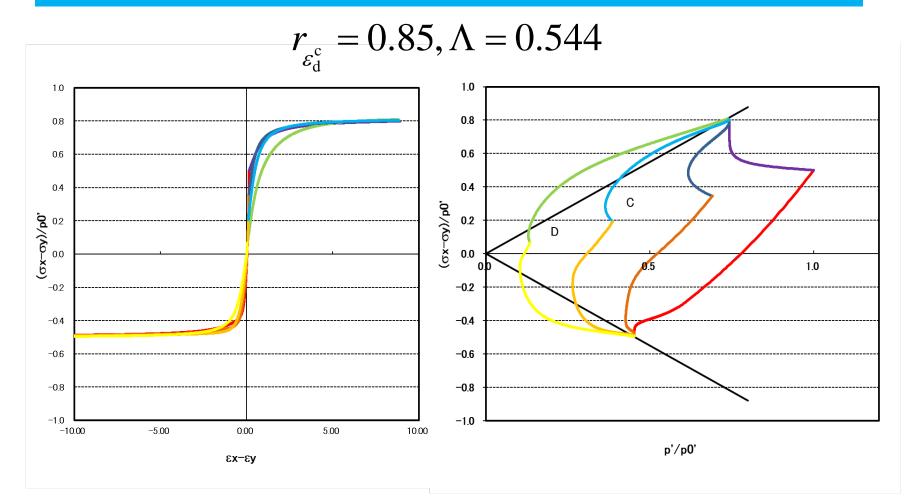
Yoshimine et al (1998),

lai et al (2011)

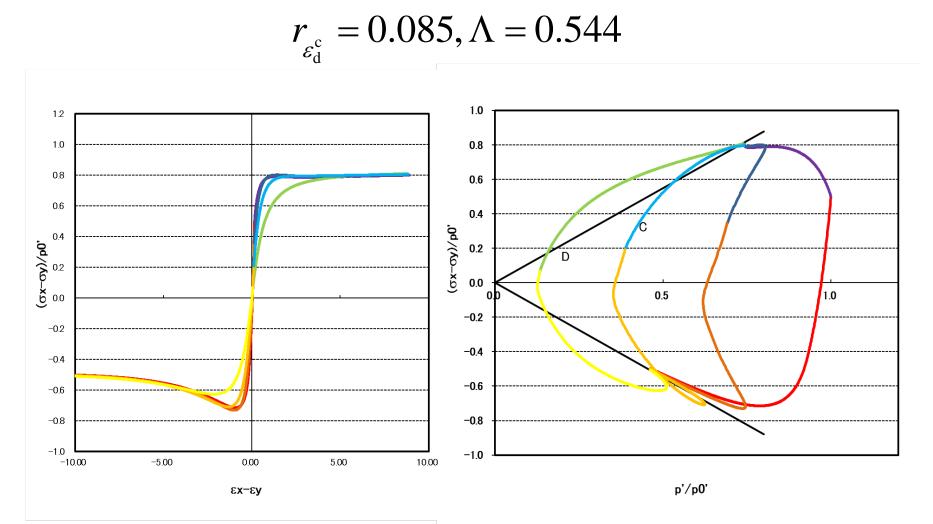
Steady state: e-In(Pus) relation



Effect of initial shear (stress induced anisotropy)

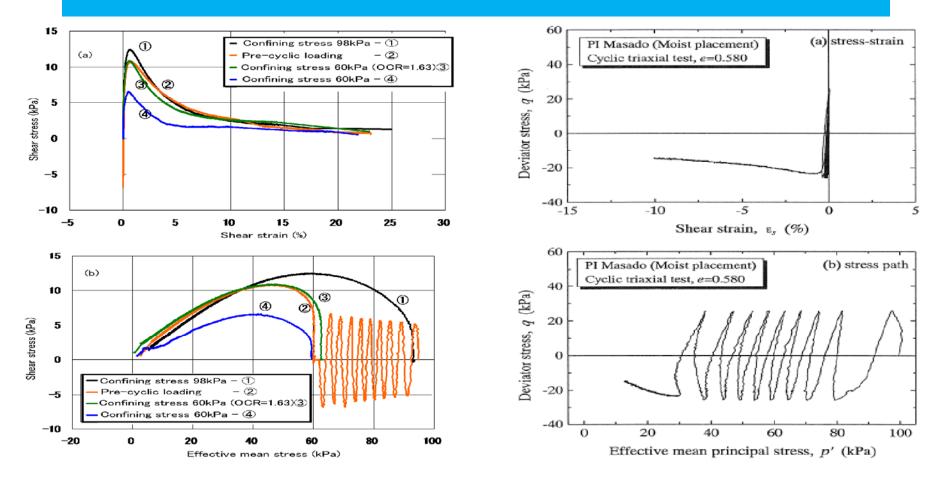


K0=0.6



6

Combination of cyclic shear and steady state

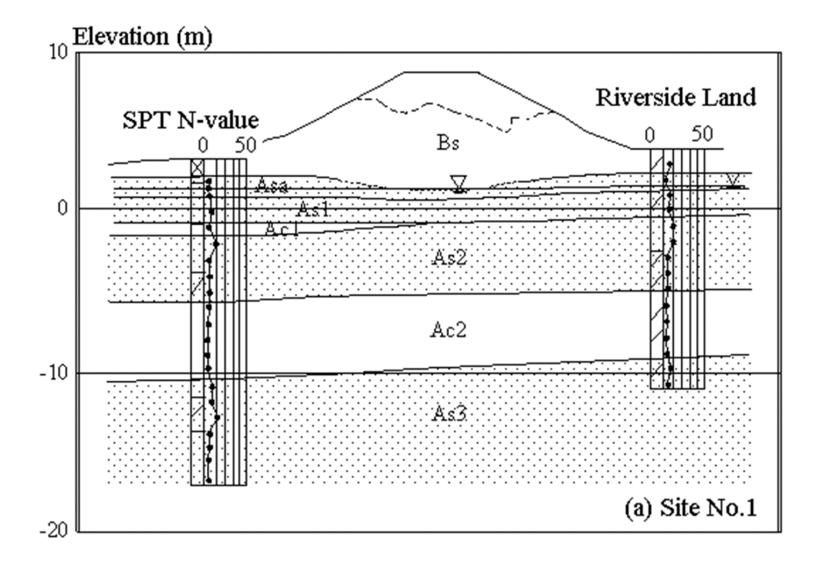


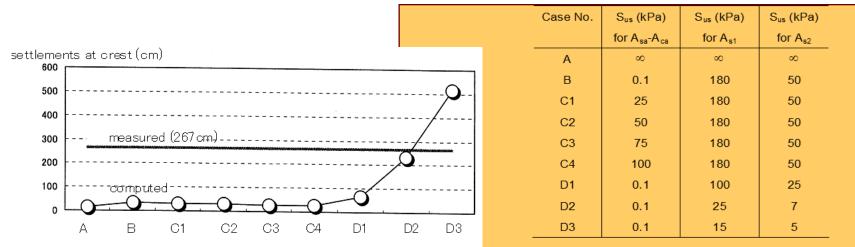
Ichii et al (2010)

Toyota et al (2004)

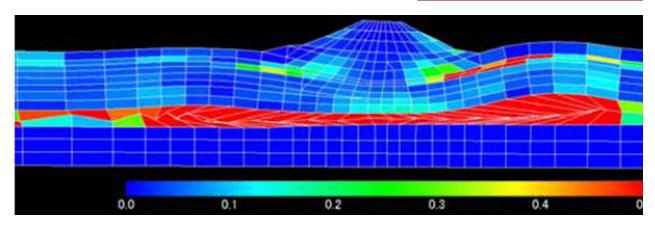
Shiribeshi-Toshibetsu river, Hokkaido, Japan, 1993 Hokkaido-Nansei-oki earthquake

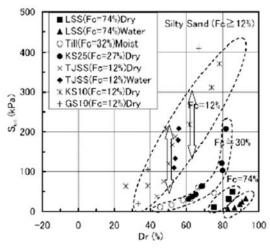




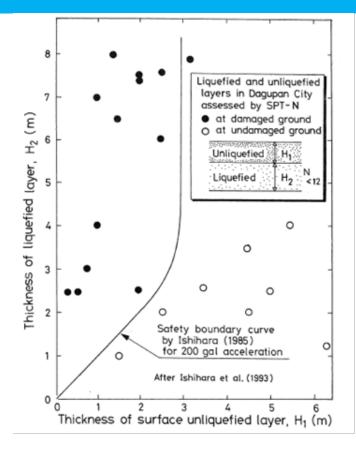


Case designation for numerical analysis



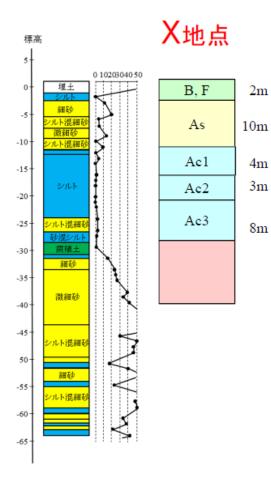


Effect of water migration: Delayed deformation/failure



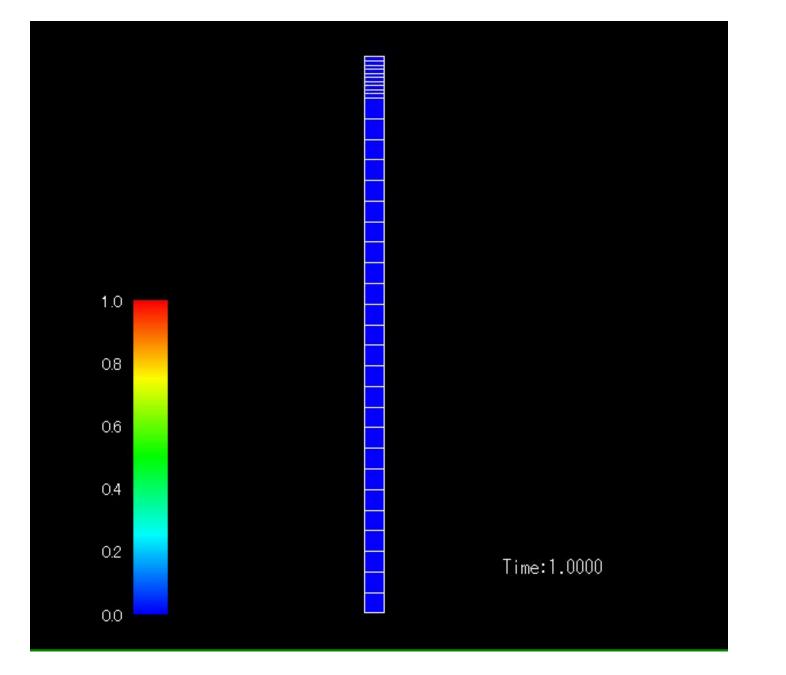
Ishihara et al (1993)

Surface crust (capping clay layer)



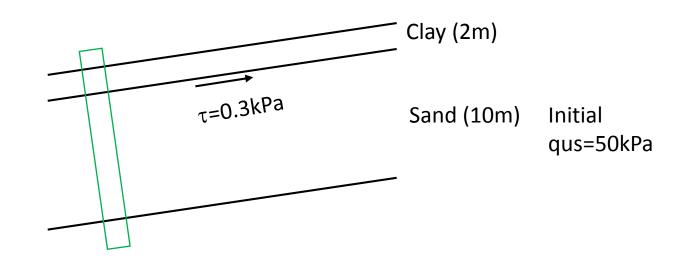
サンプリング地点

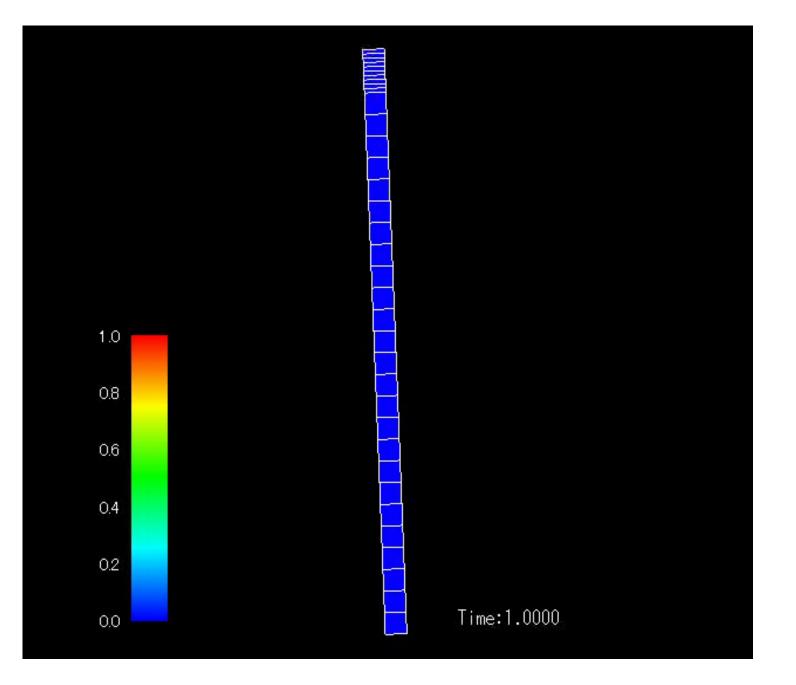




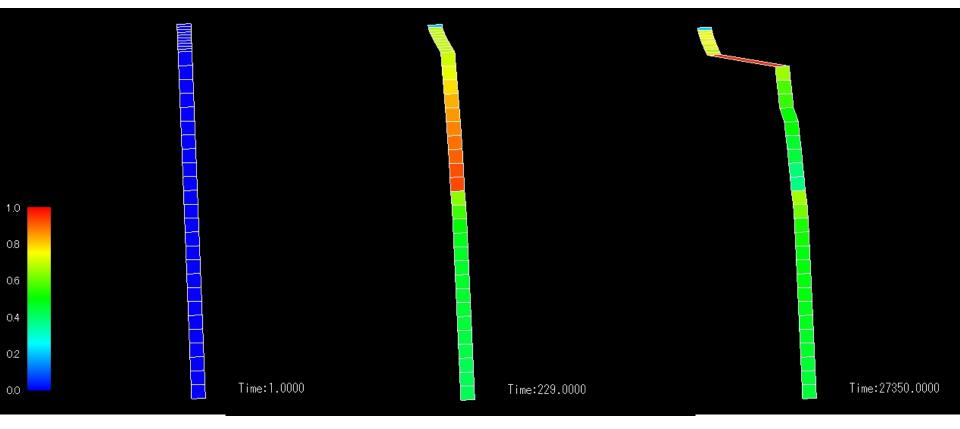
Surface crust (mild sloping ground with capping clay layer)

- Mild sloping ground: 2 degrees
- Initial undrained residual strength of sand layer qus=50kPa
- Static shear stress due to the capping clay layer with mild slope: τ=0.3kPa



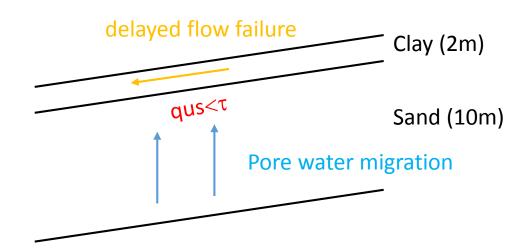


Delayed flow failure (analysis)

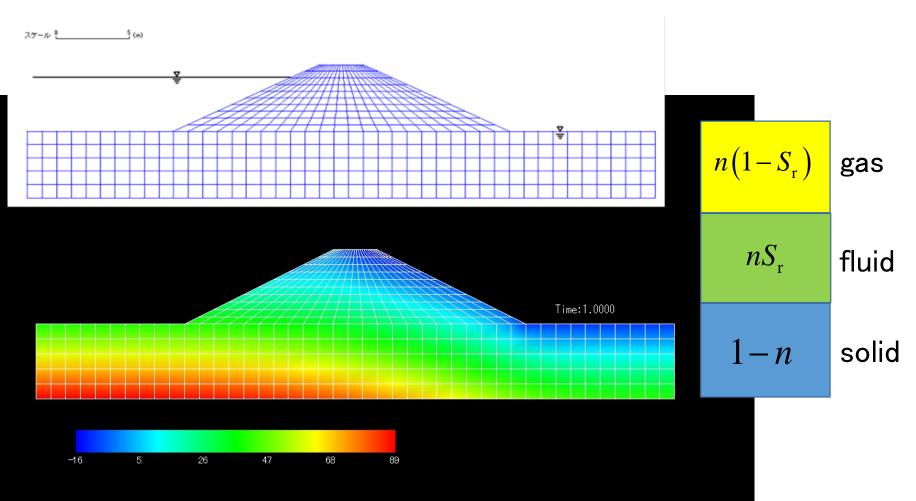


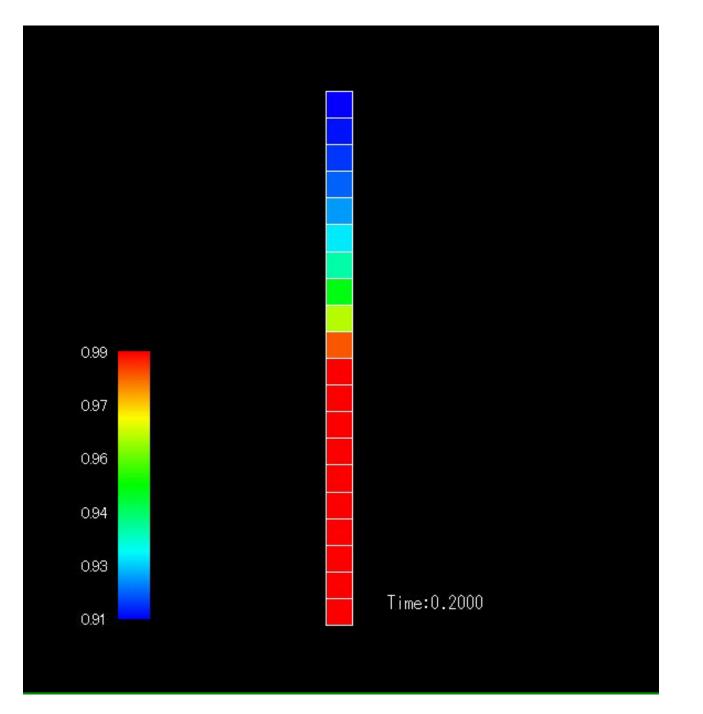
Mechanism in delayed flow failure

- Pore water migration into the sand just below the capping clay layer⇒volume expansion of the sand⇒reduction in qus
- When qus< τ , delayed flow failure is triggered.



Effects of partial saturation: three phase medium





Summary: paths forward

- Undrained monotonic shear
 - Uncertainty in differentiation of steady state from quasisteady state in practice.
- Effect of initial shear (stress induced anisotropy)
 - Well established in theory and modelling. Slow in use in practice.
- Combination of cyclic shear and steady state
 - Need more case histories for verification.
- Effect of water migration: delayed deformation/failure
 - Possible to numerically simulate, provided that numerical scheme is robust and reasonably accurate.
- Effect of partial saturation
 - Challenge: High compressibility of air, effect of suction.