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Durable and Damage Resistant High Performance Fiber Reinforced Bridge Structures

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Problems with many current bridge structures: Deterioration Example #1: Bridge Columns





(ASR) <u>Environmental Damage</u> (Corrosion)



Seismic Damage

Deterioration caused by <u>both environmental</u> and seismic loading conditions.



Problems with many current bridge structures: Deterioration Example #2: Bridge Approach Slabs



Deterioration caused by: <u>both environmental &</u> mechanical loading conditions.

Mechanically induced Truck loading Soil Consolidation and wash out Fatigue

Environmentally induced Corrosion Frost Action Alkali Silica Reaction Salt Scaling

High Performance Hybrid Fiber Reinforced concrete (HyFRC) composite

- Enhances durability and damage resistance of bridge structures when exposed to both environmental and mechanical/seismic loading conditions
- Extends Service Life and Sustainability of bridge structures



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HyFRC

HyFRC: concrete matrix with 9.5mm CA; 1.5 vol% fibers; contains both micro & macrofibers for multi-scale crack control



Beam size: 6"x6"x24"



	RECS 15×8	ZP305	RC-80/60-BN
Material	PVA	Steel	Steel
Length [mm]	8	30	60
Diameter [mm]	0.04	0.55	0.75
Aspect Ratio [L/d]	200	55	80
Elastic Modulus [GPa]	42	200	200
Tensile Strength [Mpa]	1600	1100	1050
Volume Fraction [%]	0.2	0.5	0.8
Fiber Spacing [mm]	0.79	6.89	7.43

P Delay in macrocrack formation



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1st generation of HyFRC:
Bridge Approach Slabs for Area III (CalTrans)
2nd generation of HyFRC:
Self-compacting HyFRC: Bridge Columns (PEER)

•3rd generation of HyFRC:

•Service Life enhancement and Reduction in Carbon Footprint of Highway Structures (FHWA)





PEER funded project (Ostertag& Panagiotou)



Designed to rock at column/foundation interface

Designed for plastic hinge formation



SPALLING & DAMAGE Resistance in SC-HyFRC Bridge Columns compared to conventional concrete columns





- Damage resistance of SC-HyFRC Columns (a) and (c) , compared to conventional Concrete Columns
 (b) & (d) after being subjected to approx. same drift ratio of 4%
- In SC-HyFRC columns spalling of cover occurs only locally and is delayed up to 3.6% drift ratio despite half the transverse reinforcement ratio, (ρ_v), 0.37% vs. 0.7%).

SC-HyFRC columns: Ostertag and Panagiotou (PEER report 2011/106) Conv. Concrete Columns: Terzic et al, (2009)

Example #2: Damage Resistance of HyFRC bridge approach slabs exposed to both mechanical & environment loading conditions

Flexural Performance of 1/2 scale bridge approach slabs

Frost resistance



HyFRC provides Holistic Approach to Durability of Bridge Structures

Processes responsible for Deterioration of Concrete Bridge Structures



Enhancing Durability of Concrete Structures

(Mitigate Expansive Deterioration Processes through multi-scale crack control in HyFRC)



Mitigation of Expansive Deterioration Processes through multi-scale crack control



HyFRC limits ingress of aggressive agents into concrete which extends the damage initiation phase



Macrocrack formation after 5 cycles of **9.5** kip loading

Ostertag and Blunt, FraMCoS-7 Jeju Korea, 2010 Blunt and Ostertag, ACI J. Engrg. Mech., 2009

Enhancing Durability of Concrete Structures

(Mitigate Expansive Deterioration Processes through multi-scale crack control in HyFRC)









ASR

gel

No crack control

With microcrack control



No crack control



With microcrack control

Service life enhancement due to HyFRC

HyFRC extends both the initiation phase and slows down the propagation phase of damage



Initiation Phase is extended due to crack resistance which limits ingress of aggressive agents into the concrete

Propagation Phase is slowed down due to microcrack control which reduces formation & modifies composition of reaction products

Research NEEDS:

Whereas i) Mechanical properties of plain HPFRCCs have been studied and documented,

- ii) Durability enhancement investigated and confirmed
- Few studies exist on synergy between HPFRCC matrix and steel rebar.
- Need Model development and establish design guidelines

Need additional large scale tests to verify damage resistance and performance enhancement of HPFRCCs in CIP and ABC applications

Thank you for your attention